

Science Topics Monthly Statistics

Web Log Analysis Monthly Report August 2008

 $Report\ Range: 08/01/2008\ 00:00:00 - 08/31/2008\ 23:59:59$



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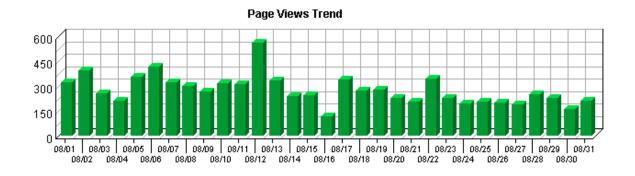
Overview Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the entire report. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Visit Summary

Visits	4,949
Average per Day	159
Average Visit Length	00:21:28
Median Visit Length	00:10:07
International Visits	6.39%
Visits of Unknown Origin	32.23%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	61.39%



Page View Summary

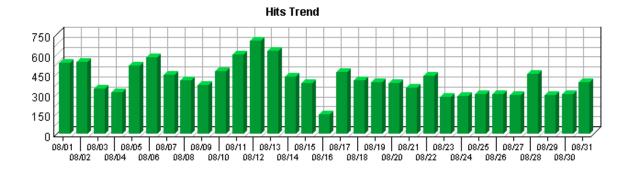
Page Views	8,497
Average per Day	274
Average Page Views per Visit	1.72

Overview Dashboard 1



Visitor Summary

Unique Visitors	1,984
Visitors Who Visited Once	1,657
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	327
Average Visits per Visitor	2.49



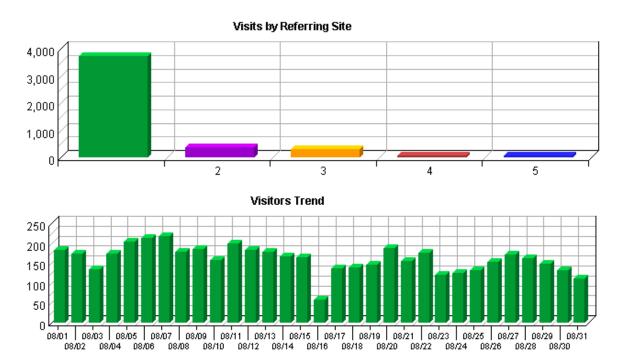
Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	12,718
Average Hits per Day	410
Home Page Hits	453

2 Overview Dashboard

Marketing Dashboard

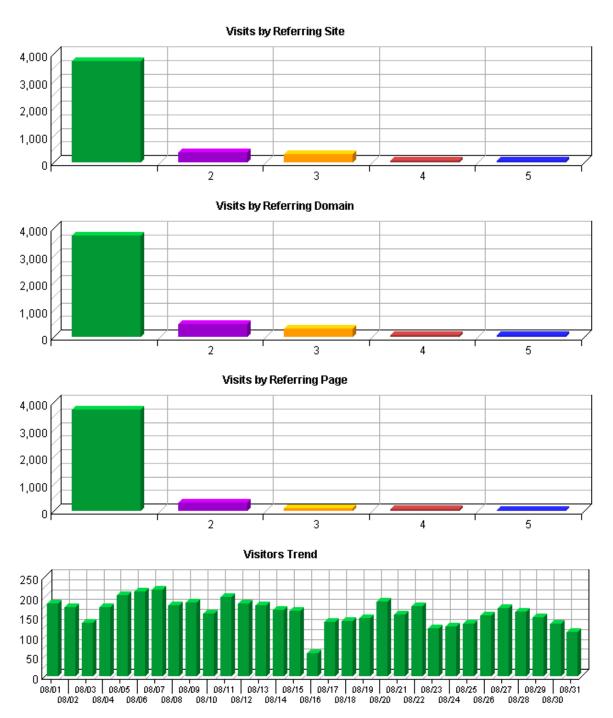
This dashboard summarizes important information related to online marketing activity.



Marketing Dashboard 3

Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.

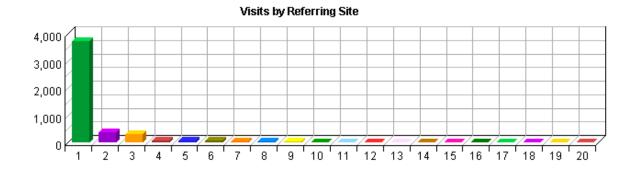


Referrers Dashboard 5

6 Referrers Dashboard

Activity by Referring Site

This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	3,717	75.11%
2.	http://es.epa.gov/	367	7.42%
3.	http://www.google.com/	306	6.18%
4.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	74	1.50%
5.	http://search.yahoo.com/	65	1.31%
6.	http://www.google.co.in/	55	1.11%
7.	http://www.google.com.au/	21	0.42%
8.	http://www.epa.gov/	18	0.36%
9.	http://www.google.co.za/	17	0.34%
10.	http://www.google.ca/	16	0.32%
11.	http://www.google.co.uk/	15	0.30%
12.	http://search.msn.com/	13	0.26%
13.	http://search.live.com/	11	0.22%
14.	http://www.env-econ.net/	11	0.22%
15.	http://images.google.com/	10	0.20%
16.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	10	0.20%
17.	http://images.google.co.in/	9	0.18%
18.	http://www.google.com.sg/	8	0.16%
19.	http://www.google.co.th/	8	0.16%
20.	http://www.google.co.id/	7	0.14%
	Subtotal	4,758	96.14%
	Other	191	3.86%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site - Help Card

Referring Sites – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

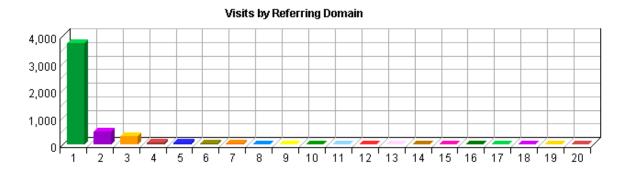
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

B

You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain

This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	3,717	75.11%
2.	epa.gov	473	9.56%
3.	google.com	316	6.39%
4.	yahoo.com	74	1.50%
5.	google.co.in	64	1.29%
6.	google.com.au	21	0.42%
7.	google.co.za	17	0.34%
8.	google.ca	16	0.32%
9.	google.co.uk	15	0.30%
10.	msn.com	13	0.26%
11.	live.com	11	0.22%
12.	env-econ.net	11	0.22%
13.	google.com.sg	8	0.16%
14.	google.co.th	8	0.16%
15.	google.com.ph	8	0.16%
16.	google.co.id	7	0.14%
17.	ask.com	7	0.14%
18.	google.fr	7	0.14%
19.	google.co.jp	7	0.14%
20.	bicycling.com	7	0.14%
	Subtotal	4,807	97.13%
	Other	142	2.87%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain - Help Card

Referring Domain – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

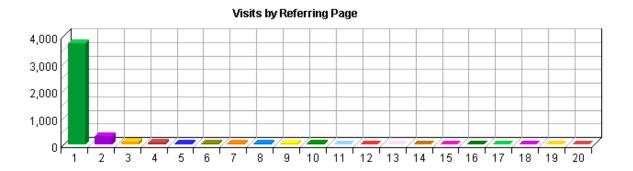
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

B

You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page

This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page

	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	3,717	75.11%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	297	6.00%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	97	1.96%
4.	http://www.google.co.in/ search	55	1.11%
5.	http://search.yahoo.com/ search	49	0.99%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	48	0.97%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_star_adaptation.html	42	0.85%
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	22	0.44%
9.	http://www.google.com.au/ search	21	0.42%
10.	http://www.google.co.za/ search	17	0.34%
11.	http://www.google.ca/search	16	0.32%
12.	http://www.google.co.uk/ search	15	0.30%
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_star_climate_change. html	14	0.28%
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	14	0.28%
15.	http://search.msn.com/results.aspx	13	0.26%
16.	http://search.live.com/ results.aspx	11	0.22%
17.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/ epasearch/epasearch	10	0.20%
18.	http://images.google.com/ imgres	10	0.20%
19.	http://images.google.co.in/ imgres	9	0.18%
20.	http://www.google.co.th/ search	8	0.16%
	Subtotal	4,485	90.62%
	Other	464	9.38%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Activity by Referring Page - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

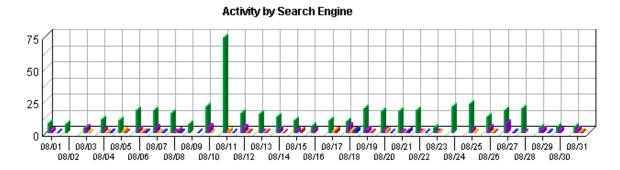
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

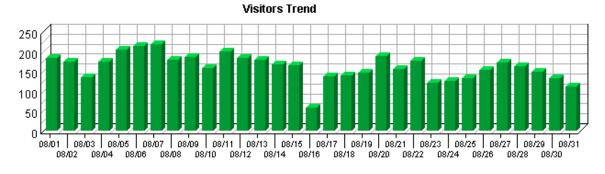
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

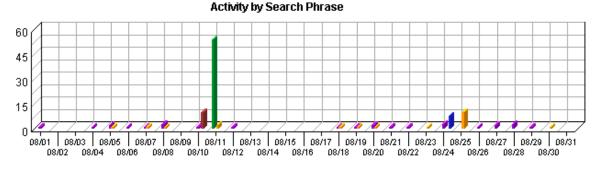
You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

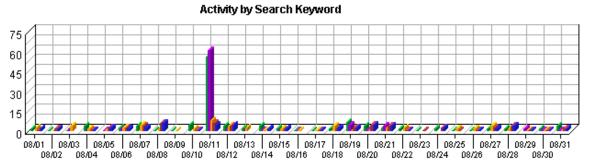
Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.







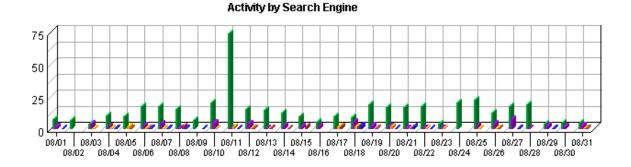


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	9/0
1.	google	456	71.47%
2.	yahoo	73	11.44%
3.	google australia	21	3.29%
4.	google canada	17	2.66%
5.	google uk	16	2.51%
6.	msn	13	2.04%
7.	google japan	7	1.10%
8.	google france	7	1.10%
9.	aol netfind	6	0.94%
10.	google germany	5	0.78%
11.	google italy	4	0.63%
12.	yahoo spain	3	0.47%
13.	altavista	2	0.31%
14.	yahoo uk &ireland	2	0.31%
15.	yahoo india	2	0.31%
16.	yahoo mexico	1	0.16%
17.	yahoo korea	1	0.16%
18.	yahoo singapore	1	0.16%
19.	yahoo japan	1	0.16%
	Total	638	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

ngines	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	specification of supercritical fluid for polymerization chain growth	54	8.46%
	particulate matter	25	3.92%
	riverbank filtration	18	2.82%
	daphnia, ecotoxicogenomics	10	1.57%
	puberty in michigan from pbb	8	1.25%
	epa center for particulate matter	4	0.63%
	michigan pbb	3	0.47%
	michelle marcus emory	2	0.31%
	kinetics of ozone	2	0.31%
	tse environmental llc	2	0.31%
	science topics	2	0.31%
	cryptosporidium parvum chlorine resistant site:.gov	2	0.31%
	suva water	2	0.31%
	air quality site:.gov	2	0.31%
	nancy ho	2	0.31%
	epa pm center	2	0.31%
	testosterone chemical structure	2	0.31%
	epa water	2	0.31%
	technological environment	2	0.31%
	estrogen birds egg	2	0.31%
2. yahoo	science research topics	5	0.78%
	epa drinking water standards	4	0.63%
	epa drinking water quality requirements	2	0.31%
	oronasal assessment	2	0.31%
	epa drinking water quality	2	0.31%
	epa safe drinking water standards	2	0.31%
	epa standards for drinking water	2	0.31%
	us epa drinking water standards	2	0.31%
	reanalysis of the harvard six cities study and the american	1	0.16%
	partnership for environmental research: technology for sustainable environment	1	0.16%
	exhaust uptake supports, marine diesel engines	1	0.16%
	environmental science topics epa	1	0.16%
	particulate size distribution contamination	1	0.16%
	epa pm	1	0.16%
	riverbank filtration	1	
	detection of chlorine in water	1	0.16%
	the endocrine organs of the chicken	1	0.16%

	sources of atmospheric matter	1	0.16%
	pm contributes to respiratory diseases	1	
3. google	effect testosterone embrio development	1	0.16%
australia	environ* technolog* sustain*	1	0.16%
	science research project examples year	1	0.16%
	sex determination endocrine disruption	1	0.16%
	endocrine disruption sex determination	1	0.16%
	literature review diesel emissions effect	1	0.16%
	us epa sustainable environment	1	0.16%
	rates of infertility	1	0.16%
	mathematical modelling for giardia and cryptosporidium	1	0.16%
	hormone levels boys years	1	0.16%
	epa endocrine disruptors	1	0.16%
	endocrine disruptor development autoimmune	1	0.16%
	caco–2 giemsa	1	0.16%
	crocodile phallus	1	0.16%
	hks.ch	1	0.16%
	integrated optimization of bromate formation in batch and flow through ozone contactors	1	0.16%
	negative impact of technology on environment	1	0.16%
	positive impacts of the applied science of cotton wool.	1	0.16%
	effects of des on fetus	1	0.16%
	particle matter	1	0.16%
4. google canada	research on particulate air contaminate	2	0.31%
	suva definition water	2	0.31%
	recent barcoding success stories	1	0.16%
	dr renaud cardiac	1	0.16%
	reviews	1	0.16%
	gong et al. 2004 particulate matter	1	0.16%
	disinfectant by-product	1	0.16%
	particulate matter toxicity	1	0.16%
	solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal	1	0.16%
	outcomes for research project	1	0.16%
	tse resulkts	1	0.16%
	patricia mcclellan green pah	1	0.16%
	cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up	1	0.16%
	particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold	1	0.16%
	ecosystem valuation rfp	1	0.16%
5. google uk	residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench	1	0.16%
- -	pah and endocrine		0.16%

	emission chlorine dioxide impact on environment		0.16%
	organic yeast takes on nancy ho	1	
	yr old male puberty		0.16%
	measure pubertal development	1	
	yi li, sam, georgia institute of technology	1	0.16%
	trackmobiles for hire uk	1	0.16%
	goal of decision sciences	1	0.16%
	sex differentiation arrest in shrimp	1	0.16%
	organochlorine pesticides in lake griffin	1	0.16%
	vitellogenin male alligators	1	0.16%
	androgen pesticide	1	0.16%
	effects of particulate matter on human health	1	0.16%
	variability snail reproductive output	1	0.16%
	crocodile penis size	1	0.16%
6. msn	particulate matter	2	0.31%
	global change	2	0.31%
	particulate matters	1	0.16%
	environment science project topics	1	0.16%
	pm10 health risks	1	0.16%
	assessment tools endocrine system	1	0.16%
	topics /research related to rat control	1	0.16%
	drinking water	1	0.16%
	particulate matter size	1	0.16%
	epa drinking water	1	0.16%
	assessment tool endocrine system	1	0.16%
7. google japan	reproductive hormone in prepubertal male animals	1	0.16%
	nom monochloramine	1	0.16%
	hydroxylated pcbs birds	1	0.16%
	testis development postnatal rat	1	0.16%
	anti–androgen thyroid gland endocrine disruptors	1	0.16%
	maturity testis epididymis histology rat's puberty	1	0.16%
	air ion inactivation virus	1	0.16%
8. google france	endocrine disruptors in wastewater uv	1	
21 81 81 1811	monitoring sunopsis	1	0.16%
	t3m2 locomotive	1	
	berens supercritical fluid science and technology 208	1	0.16%
	haloacetonitrile		0.16%
	phtalate endometriosis	1	
	diesel mann et burmeister		0.16%
9. aol netfind	normal size phallus		0.16%
7. uoi netiniu	deformed frogs	1	0.16%
	what are xenostrogens		0.16%
	what are remostrogens	1	0.10%

	testerone chemical structure	1	0.16%
	stages of development in hatching quail eggs	1	0.16%
	quiz on deformation frogs	1	0.16%
10. google	vinclozolin endocrine disruptors	1	0.16%
germany	european center for environmental protection reanalysis	1	0.16%
	flow control and design of environmentally-benign spray systems	1	0.16%
	technology for sustainable environment	1	0.16%
	hydro reaction supercritical carbon dioxid cyclohexan	1	0.16%
11. google italy	endocrine disruptors	2	0.31%
	environment government decision economic	1	0.16%
	fine particulate atmospheric residence time	1	0.16%
12. yahoo spain	safe drinking water	2	0.31%
	epa pm1 pm2	1	0.16%
13. altavista	endocrine distrupting	1	0.16%
	pbb endocrine disruption	1	0.16%
14. yahoo uk	silver as disinfectant	1	0.16%
&ireland	congo red agar	1	0.16%
15. yahoo india	assessment tools endocrine system	1	0.16%
	science topics for research	1	0.16%
16. yahoo mexico	effect of global change on air quality models	1	0.16%
17. yahoo korea	riverbank filtration	1	0.16%
18. yahoo singapore	research results of corn based plastics	1	0.16%
19. yahoo japan	virus ozonation inactivation	1	0.16%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	of	99	15.52%
	for	74	11.60%
	growth	55	8.62%
	supercritical	55	8.62%
	fluid	54	8.46%
	matter	54	8.46%
	chain	54	8.46%
	specification	54	8.46%
	polymerization	54	8.46%
	particulate	51	7.99%
	in	47	7.37%
	epa	44	6.90%

	research	27	4.23%
	water	24	3.76%
	filtration	21	3.29%
	endocrine	20	3.13%
	riverbank	18	2.82%
	the	18	2.82%
	science	16	2.51%
	pbb	14	2.19%
2. yahoo	epa	21	3.29%
	water	21	3.29%
	drinking	18	2.82%
	topics	12	1.88%
	of	11	1.72%
	standards	11	1.72%
	research	10	1.57%
	science	9	1.41%
	for	6	0.94%
	endocrine	6	0.94%
	the	6	0.94%
	environmental	5	0.78%
	to	4	0.63%
	quality	4	0.63%
	in	4	0.63%
	matter	3	0.47%
	us	3	0.47%
	particulate	3	0.47%
	economics	3	0.47%
	model	2	0.31%
3. google australia	of	6	0.94%
	endocrine	4	0.63%
	disruption	2	0.31%
	sex	2	0.31%
	effect	2	0.31%
	determination	2	0.31%
	development	2	0.31%
	on	2	0.31%
	epa	2	0.31%
	environment	2	0.31%
	science	2	0.31%
	autoimmune	1	0.16%
	disruptor	1	0.16%
	hks.ch	1	0.16%

	•		0.4.504
	wool.	1	0.16%
	cotton	1	0.16%
	impacts	1	0.16%
	sustainability	1	0.16%
	review	1	0.16%
	formation	1	0.16%
4. google canada	particulate	5	0.78%
	research	3	0.47%
	matter	3	0.47%
	contaminate	2	0.31%
	definition	2	0.31%
	water	2	0.31%
	suva	2	0.31%
	on	2	0.31%
	air	2	0.31%
	up	1	0.16%
	acidic	1	0.16%
	loss	1	0.16%
	humic	1	0.16%
	2004	1	0.16%
	tse	1	0.16%
	adjust	1	0.16%
	linkage	1	0.16%
	for	1	0.16%
	cancer	1	0.16%
	solid	1	0.16%
5. google uk	of	4	0.63%
	on	3	0.47%
	male	2	0.31%
	in	2	0.31%
	development	1	0.16%
	ho	1	0.16%
	output	1	0.16%
	water	1	0.16%
	pah	1	0.16%
	snail	1	0.16%
	effects	1	0.16%
	variability	1	0.16%
	for	1	0.16%
	georgia	1	0.16%
	metallic	1	0.16%
	institute	1	0.16%
		-	0.10/0

	puberty	1	0.16%
	time	1	0.16%
	penis	1	0.16%
	human	1	0.16%
6. msn	particulate	4	0.10%
O. HISH	matter	3	0.03%
	topics	2	0.47%
		2	0.31%
	drinking	2	0.31%
	system	2	0.31%
	water	2	0.31%
	global assessment	2	0.31%
		2	0.31%
	change endocrine	2	0.31%
	risks	1	0.31%
		1	0.16%
	project science	1	0.16%
	size	1	0.16%
		1	0.16%
	matters	1	0.16%
	epa tools	1	0.16%
	/research	1	0.16%
	related	1	0.16%
	to	1	0.16%
7. google japan	testis	2	0.10%
7. googie japan		1	0.31%
	pcbs	1	0.16%
	puberty		
	maturity	1	0.16% 0.16%
	rat	1	0.16%
	postnatal endocrine	1	
		1	0.16%
	gland	1	0.16%
	prepubertal male	1	0.16%
	birds	1	0.16% 0.16%
	animals	1	
		1	0.16%
	disruptors	1	0.16%
	virus	1	0.16%
	anti–androgen		0.16%
	ion	1	0.16%
	development	1	0.16%
	rat's	1	0.16%

	reproductive	1	0.16%
	histology	1	0.16%
8. google france	wastewater	1	0.16%
	in	1	0.16%
	et	1	0.16%
	phtalate	1	0.16%
	endometriosis	1	0.16%
	disruptors	1	0.16%
	t3m2	1	0.16%
	locomotive	1	0.16%
	sunopsis	1	0.16%
	mann	1	0.16%
	monitoring	1	0.16%
	haloacetonitrile	1	0.16%
	berens	1	0.16%
	supercritical	1	0.16%
	fluid	1	0.16%
	science	1	0.16%
	technology	1	0.16%
	208	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	uv	1	0.16%
9. aol netfind	frogs	2	0.31%
	on	1	0.16%
	phallus	1	0.16%
	eggs	1	0.16%
	development	1	0.16%
	deformation	1	0.16%
	stages	1	0.16%
	hatching	1	0.16%
	quail	1	0.16%
	in	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
	what	1	0.16%
	are	1	0.16%
	xenostrogens	1	0.16%
	testerone	1	0.16%
	chemical	1	0.16%
	structure	1	0.16%
	normal	1	0.16%
	size	1	0.16%
	deformed	1	0.16%

10. google germany	for	2	0.31%
	european	1	0.16%
	sustainable	1	0.16%
	technology	1	0.16%
	systems	1	0.16%
	supercritical	1	0.16%
	disruptors	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	reaction	1	0.16%
	control	1	0.16%
	environment	1	0.16%
	center	1	0.16%
	protection	1	0.16%
	reanalysis	1	0.16%
	dioxid	1	0.16%
	carbon	1	0.16%
	flow	1	0.16%
	environmentally-benign	1	0.16%
	spray	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
11. google italy	disruptors	2	0.31%
	endocrine	2	0.31%
	decision	1	0.16%
	government	1	0.16%
	residence	1	0.16%
	atmospheric	1	0.16%
	particulate	1	0.16%
	environment	1	0.16%
	economic	1	0.16%
	time	1	0.16%
	fine	1	0.16%
12. yahoo spain	safe	2	0.31%
	drinking	2	0.31%
	water	2	0.31%
	pm1	1	0.16%
	pm2	1	0.16%
	epa	1	0.16%
13. altavista	endocrine	2	0.31%
	disruption	1	0.16%
	distrupting	1	0.16%
	pbb	1	0.16%
14. yahoo uk &ireland	as	1	0.16%

	agar	1	0.16%
	red	1	0.16%
	silver	1	0.16%
	disinfectant	1	0.16%
	congo	1	0.16%
15. yahoo india	assessment	1	0.16%
	topics	1	0.16%
	research	1	0.16%
	tools	1	0.16%
	system	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	for	1	0.16%
	science	1	0.16%
16. yahoo mexico	change	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
	on	1	0.16%
	models	1	0.16%
	air	1	0.16%
	quality	1	0.16%
	global	1	0.16%
	effect	1	0.16%
17. yahoo korea	filtration	1	0.16%
	riverbank	1	0.16%
18. yahoo singapore	based	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
	results	1	0.16%
	corn	1	0.16%
	plastics	1	0.16%
	research	1	0.16%
19. yahoo japan	inactivation	1	0.16%
	ozonation	1	0.16%
	virus	1	0.16%

Activity by Search Engine – Help Card

Top Search Engines Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search

engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

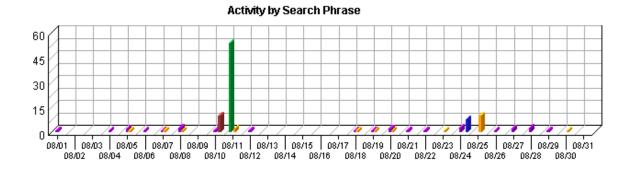
O

This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1.	specification of supercritical fluid for polymerization chain growth	54	8.48%
2.	particulate matter	27	4.24%
3.	riverbank filtration	20	3.14%
4.	daphnia, ecotoxicogenomics	10	1.57%
5.	puberty in michigan from pbb	8	1.26%
6.	science research topics	5	0.78%
7.	epa drinking water standards	4	0.63%
8.	epa center for particulate matter	4	0.63%
9.	michigan pbb	3	0.47%
10.	endocrine disruptors	3	0.47%
11.	safe drinking water	3	0.47%
12.	epa drinking water quality requirements	2	0.31%
13.	environmental science research topics	2	0.31%
14.	suva water	2	0.31%
15.	oronasal assessment	2	0.31%
16.	michelle marcus emory	2	0.31%
17.	epa drinking water quality	2	0.31%
18.	kinetics of ozone	2	0.31%
19.	estrogen birds egg	2	0.31%
20.	epa safe drinking water	2	0.31%

standards		
Subtotal	159	24.96%
Total	637	100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. specification of supercritical fluid for polymerization chain growth	google	54	8.48%
2. particulate matter	google	25	3.92%
	msn	2	0.31%
3. riverbank filtration	google	18	2.83%
	yahoo	1	0.16%
	yahoo korea	1	0.16%
4. daphnia, ecotoxicogenomics	google	10	1.57%
5. puberty in michigan from pbb	google	8	1.26%
6. science research topics	yahoo	5	0.78%
7. epa drinking water standards	yahoo	4	0.63%
8. epa center for particulate matter	google	4	0.63%
9. michigan pbb	google	3	0.47%
10. endocrine disruptors	google italy	2	0.31%
	yahoo	1	0.16%
11. safe drinking water	yahoo spain	2	0.31%
	google	1	0.16%
12. epa drinking water quality requirements	yahoo	2	0.31%
13. environmental science research topics	yahoo	1	0.16%
	google	1	0.16%
14. suva water	google	2	0.31%
15. oronasal assessment	yahoo	2	0.31%
16. michelle marcus emory	google	2	0.31%
17. epa drinking water quality	yahoo	2	0.31%
18. kinetics of ozone	google	2	0.31%
19. estrogen birds egg	google	2	0.31%
20. epa safe drinking water standards	yahoo	2	0.31%

Activity by Search Phrase - Help Card

? Top Search Phrases Table

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals– Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

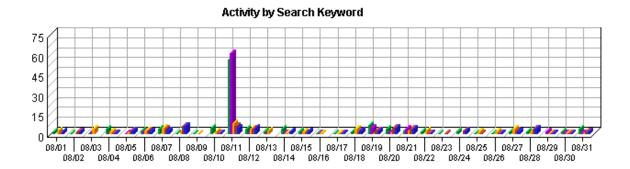
Q

How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	of	125	4.44%
2.	for	86	3.06%
3.	epa	69	2.45%
4.	matter	65	2.31%
5.	particulate	65	2.31%
6.	supercritical	58	2.06%
7.	in	57	2.03%
8.	growth	55	1.96%
9.	fluid	55	1.96%
10.	chain	54	1.92%
11.	specification	54	1.92%
12.	polymerization	54	1.92%
13.	water	52	1.85%
14.	research	43	1.53%
15.	endocrine	41	1.46%
16.	science	30	1.07%
17.	drinking	29	1.03%
18.	topics	28	1.00%
19.	the	25	0.89%
20.	filtration	23	0.82%
	Subtotal	1,068	37.97%
	Total	2,813	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. of	google	99	3.52%
	yahoo	11	0.39%
	google australia	6	0.21%
	google uk	4	0.14%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.04%
	google germany	1	0.04%
	yahoo mexico	1	0.04%
	google canada	1	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.04%
2. for	google	74	2.63%
	yahoo	6	0.21%
	google germany	2	0.07%
	google uk	1	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	google canada	1	0.04%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
3. epa	google	44	1.56%
	yahoo	21	0.75%
	google australia	2	0.07%
	msn	1	0.04%
	yahoo spain	1	0.04%
4. matter	google	54	1.92%
	msn	3	0.11%
	yahoo	3	0.11%
	google canada	3	0.11%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	google uk	1	0.04%
5. particulate	google	51	1.81%
	google canada	5	0.18%
	msn	4	0.14%
	yahoo	3	0.11%
	google uk	1	0.04%
	google italy	1	0.04%
6. supercritical	google	55	1.96%
	yahoo	1	0.04%
	google france	1	0.04%
	google germany	1	0.04%
7. in	google	47	1.67%
	yahoo	4	0.14%

	google uk	2	0.07%
	google france	1	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.04%
	google japan	1	0.04%
8. growth	google	55	1.96%
9. fluid	google	54	1.92%
	google france	1	0.04%
10. chain	google	54	1.92%
11. specification	google	54	1.92%
12. polymerization	google	54	1.92%
13. water	google	24	0.85%
	yahoo	21	0.75%
	yahoo spain	2	0.07%
	google canada	2	0.07%
	msn	2	0.07%
	google uk	1	0.04%
14. research	google	27	0.96%
	yahoo	10	0.36%
	google canada	3	0.11%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
15. endocrine	google	20	0.71%
	yahoo	6	0.21%
	google australia	4	0.14%
	altavista	2	0.07%
	msn	2	0.07%
	google italy	2	0.07%
	google germany	1	0.04%
	google france	1	0.04%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
	google uk	1	0.04%
	google japan	1	0.04%
16. science	google	16	0.57%
	yahoo	9	0.32%
	google australia	2	0.07%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
	msn	1	0.04%
	google france	1	0.04%
17. drinking	yahoo	18	0.64%
	google	7	0.25%

msn 2 0.07 yahoo spain 2 0.07 18. topics google 13 0.46	
	07%
18 tonics google 13 0.46	07%
10. topics 5005ic 15 0.40	46%
yahoo 12 0.43	43%
msn 2 0.07	07%
yahoo india 1 0.04	04%
19. the google 18 0.64	64%
yahoo 6 0.21	21%
google australia 1 0.04	04%
20. filtration google 21 0.75	75%
yahoo 1 0.04	04%
yahoo korea 1 0.04	04%

Activity by Search Keyword - Help Card

? Top Search Keywords Table

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

S.

At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Visitors Dashboard

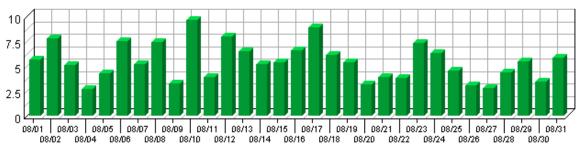
This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Visitors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



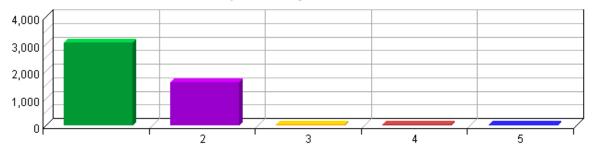
Visit Summary

Visits	4,949
Average per Day	159
Average Visit Length	00:21:28
Median Visit Length	00:10:07
International Visits	6.39%
Visits of Unknown Origin	32.23%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	61.39%

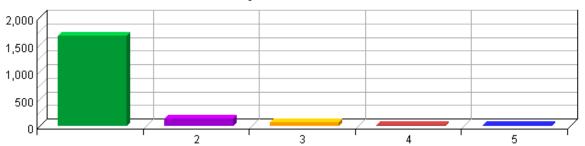




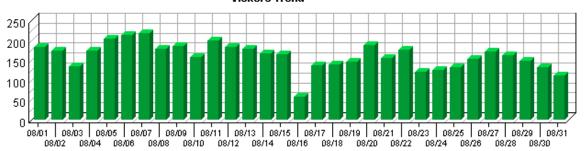
Top Countries by Visits







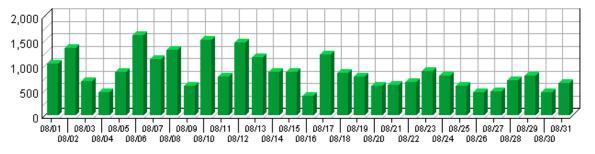
Visitors Trend



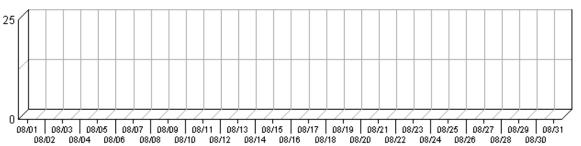
Visitor Summary

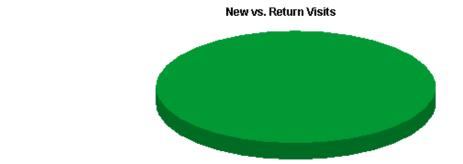
Unique Visitors	1,984
Visitors Who Visited Once	1,657
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	327
Average Visits per Visitor	2.49

Visitor Minutes Trend



First Time Visitors Trend

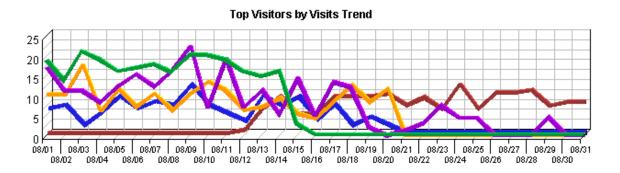


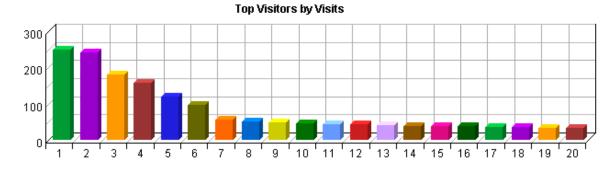


Top Visitors by Visits

Top Visitors

This report identifies the IP address, domain name, or cookie of each visitor, and identifies the visitor's relative activity level on the site. If you use cookies to track visits, Reporting Center can differentiate between hits from different visitors with the same IP address.





Top Visitors

	Visitor	Visits	%	Hits
1.	llf520123.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	249	5.03%	752
2.	66.231.188.52_Gigabot/3.0 (http://www.gigablast.com/spider. html)	242	4.89%	1,340
3.	llf320044.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	181	3.66%	311
4.	crawl-66-249-72-37.googlebot. com_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www. google.com/bot.html)	157	3.17%	580
5.	llf320044.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686 (x86_64); en–US; rv:1.8.1.4) Gecko/20080721 BonEcho/2.0.0.4	120	2.43%	167

6.	llf520072.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	96	1.94%	263
7.	216–55–155–26.dedicated.abac. net_Clearware web browser	57	1.15%	57
8.	194.97.131.31_ColdFusion	50	1.01%	62
9.	65.214.45.122_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Ask Jeeves/Teoma; + http://about.ask.com/en/docs/about/webmasters.shtml)	48	0.97%	65
10.	65.55.232.34_msnbot/1.1 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	45	0.91%	122
11.	crawl1.nat.svl.searchme. com_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Charlotte/1.1; http://www.searchme. com/support/)	42	0.85%	51
12.	llf520196.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	42	0.85%	137
13.	msnbot-65-55-105-242.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	41	0.83%	42
14.	msnbot-65-55-105-245.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	38	0.77%	39
15.	msnbot-65-55-105-237.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	38	0.77%	47
16.	llf520168.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	38	0.77%	123
17.	llf520129.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	36	0.73%	132
18.	llf320060.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686 (x86_64); en–US; rv:1.8.1.4) Gecko/20080721 BonEcho/2.0.0.4	36	0.73%	49
19.	msnbot-65-55-105-244.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	34	0.69%	34
20.		33	0.67%	49

65.55.105.231_msnbot/1.1 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)			
Subtotal	1,623	32.81%	4,422
Other	3,324	67.19%	8,288
Total	4,947	100.00%	12,710

Top Visitors - Help Card

5

Hits – Number of hits attributed to the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – The IP address, domain name, or cookie of the visitor.

Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits made by the specified visitor.



Consider the visitors who use the site most, and tailor your site to their interests and needs. If your site is an intranet, notice which employees use the site most, and find out what they like about it. You might also get feedback from those who use it the least and find out what they are looking for.

Note: If a visitor has a dynamic IP address, or if a group of visitors are behind a proxy server or firewall, this data might be misleading. In the case of a dynamic IP address, multiple IP addresses could be shown for a single visitor, and in the case of a firewall or proxy server, one IP address could be used by more than one visitor.

New vs. Return Visits

This report compares the number of visits by new and returning visitors to your site.







New vs. Return Visits

	Visitor Type	Visits	%
1.	Returning Visitors	4,947	100.00%
	Total	4,947	100.00%

New vs. Return Visits - Help Card

? New Visitors – Visitors who didn't have a cookie from your site on their first hit, but had one on later hits.

Returning Visitors – Visitors who already had a cookie from your site when they visited.

Visitors Not Accepting Cookies – Visitors not accepting cookies from your site. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who fit into the specified visitor category. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visitors who fit into the specified visitor category.

New vs. Return Visits 43

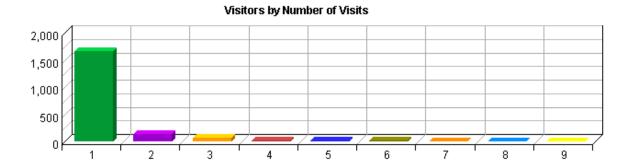
O

By tracking the ratio between new and return visits over a period of time, you can determine if your site is attracting enough returning visitors.

New vs. Return Visits

Visitors by Number of Visits

This report shows the distribution of visitors based on how many times each visitor visited your site.



Visitors by Number of Visits

Number of Visits	Unique Visitors	%
1 visit	1,657	83.52%
2 visits	134	6.75%
3 visits	69	3.48%
4 visits	24	1.21%
5 visits	14	0.71%
6 visits	9	0.45%
7 visits	5	0.25%
8 visits	5	0.25%
9 visits	5	0.25%
Subtotal	1,922	96.88%
Other	62	3.13%
Total	1,984	100.00%

Visitors by Number of Visits - Help Card

Number of Visits – The number of visits, beginning with one and increasing by increments of one, being analyzed in the other columns.

Unique Visitors– Number of unique individuals who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

% – Percentage of unique visitors who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

This information can indicate whether or not your site compels visitors to return. Updating web site content is one way to draw return visitors.

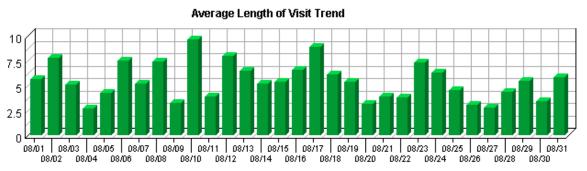
Visitors Trend

This report shows how many times visitors visited your web site and how long they stayed. The information is divided into time slices based on the duration of the log file. Visits are freshly counted during each time interval in the report. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and therefore a single visit may be counted more than once. This manner of counting visits may cause the Visits Trend total visits to exceed the total visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.

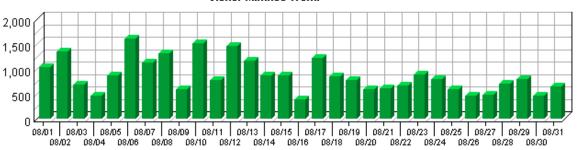








Visitor Minutes Trend



Visitors Trend

Time Interval	Visits Un	nique Visitors	First Time Visitors	Avg Visit Length	sitor Minutes
08/01	183	95	0	00:05:41	1,042.70
08/02	173	104	0	00:07:47	1,346.78
08/03	134	56	0	00:05:03	678.37
08/04	173	115	0	00:02:40	461.85
08/05	203	144	0	00:04:17	871.05
08/06	214	145	0	00:07:32	1,613.62
08/07	218	150	0	00:05:10	1,128.20
08/08	178	116	0	00:07:24	1,319.92
08/09	185	110	0	00:03:12	593.95
08/10	158	90	0	00:09:37	1,521.72
08/11	199	136	0	00:03:52	771.05
08/12	184	123	0	00:07:59	1,471.60
08/13	179	107	0	00:06:30	1,165.87
08/14	167	99	0	00:05:12	871.08
08/15	164	96	0	00:05:20	875.02
08/16	59	36	0	00:06:35	388.92
08/17	137	71	0	00:08:55	1,222.18
08/18	138	85	0	00:06:09	850.93
08/19	146	94	0	00:05:21	781.45
08/20	188	106	0	00:03:07	586.77
08/21	156	98	0	00:03:54	610.80
08/22	175	93	0	00:03:49	669.85
08/23	121	54	0	00:07:18	884.10
08/24	125	64	0	00:06:19	791.23
08/25	131	80	0	00:04:33	596.22
08/26	153	96	0	00:03:02	465.80
08/27	172	106	0	00:02:46	476.45
08/28	163	106	0	00:04:21	709.75
08/29	147	87	0	00:05:27	803.23
08/30	133	63	0	00:03:27	460.40

08/31	112	55	0	00:05:48	651.10
Average	160	96	0	N/A	860.71
Total	4,968	2,980	0	N/A	26,681.95

Visitors Trend - Help Card

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your web site. If a visit spans multiple time intervals, it is counted in each interval. Every visit from a visitor is counted, even if the same visitor came to your web site multiple times. Also included are zero–length visits. A zero–length visit occurs when all hits for that visit are logged with the exact same time stamp.

Unique Visitors – Number of individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit. Values of "N/A" indicate that the detailed data required for Unique Visitors per time period is not available. This situation occurs when the Top Visitors report has reached its configured limit.

First Time Visitors – Number of visitors who had never visited your web site before.

Avg Visit Length – The average amount of time visitors spent at your site within the given time interval. The data is formatted as hh:mm:ss (hours:minutes:seconds). The average visit length is calculated by dividing the value from the Visitor Minutes column by the value from the Visits column.

Visitor Minutes – Number of minutes your web site was viewed, regardless of who was viewing it.

Average – This row gives the average for each column.

Total – The total for the column. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and be counted more than once. These duplicate visit counts may cause the total visits count on this row to exceed the actual total number of visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.



Use this page to determine which times your web site is busiest.

Daily averages cut off visits that continue into the next day, whereas weekly averages do not. Therefore, weekly averages may appear a bit longer than daily averages.

Visits Trend

This report helps you understand the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking visits over the course of the report period.



Visits Trend

Time Interval	Visits	%
08/01	183	3.70%
08/02	173	3.50%
08/03	134	2.71%
08/04	173	3.50%
08/05	203	4.10%
08/06	213	4.30%
08/07	218	4.40%
08/08	178	3.60%
08/09	184	3.72%
08/10	158	3.19%
08/11	198	4.00%
08/12	183	3.70%
08/13	177	3.58%
08/14	165	3.33%
08/15	163	3.29%
08/16	59	1.19%
08/17	137	2.77%
08/18	138	2.79%
08/19	146	2.95%
08/20	187	3.78%
08/21	156	3.15%
08/22	174	3.52%
08/23	118	2.38%
08/24	125	2.53%
08/25	131	2.65%

08/26	151	3.05%
08/27	171	3.46%
08/28	162	3.27%
08/29	147	2.97%
08/30	133	2.69%
08/31	111	2.24%
Total	4,949	100.00%

Visits Trend – Help Card



Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified time interval. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site during the specified time interval compared with all visits to your site during the report period.



Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Top Organizations

If you have enabled the WebTrends GeoTrends Database for this profile, this page will list the most active companies and other organizations visiting your web site. The second table will show you the most active domain names from each organization.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Organizations - Help Card

Domain Name – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second—level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top—level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third—level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Organization – The name of the organization, which could be a company, a government agency, a school, or any other type of organization. This name was determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database. Click on the organization name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Unknown – The sum for any IP addresses which could not be found in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from this organization. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this organization. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this organization.

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Top Organizations 53

Use this information when you are interested in an organization as a whole, such as NetIQ Corporation. You can identify the major domain names from each company, such as netiq.com and webtrends.com from NetIQ.

54 Top Organizations

Top Authenticated Usernames

This report identifies the true name and relative activity level of the visitors logging onto a server that requires a user name and password.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Authenticated Usernames – Help Card

Authenticated Username – A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.

Hits – Number of hits generated by the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – Authenticated name of the user being analyzed.

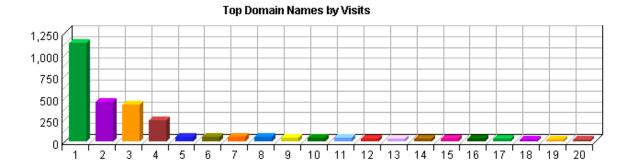
Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to your site by the specified visitor out of those by all authenticated user names.

You may use this information for your marketing efforts, such as special promotions or newsletters.

Top Domain Names

This report lists the domain name that generates the most activity to your web site.



Top Domain Names

	Domain Name	Visits	%	Hits
1.	yahoo.net	1,131	22.85%	2,526
2.	googlebot.com	458	9.25%	888
3.	msn.com	422	8.53%	531
4.	66.231.188.52	242	4.89%	1,340
5.	abac.net	57	1.15%	57
6.	comcast.net	54	1.09%	124
7.	194.97.131.31	50	1.01%	62
8.	65.214.45.122	48	0.97%	65
9.	searchme.com	47	0.95%	57
10.	65.55.232.34	45	0.91%	122
11.	rr.com	42	0.85%	64
12.	65.55.105.231	33	0.67%	49
13.	become.com	32	0.65%	101
14.	74.6.18.233	31	0.63%	66
15.	208.111.154.16	31	0.63%	39
16.	74.6.17.178	30	0.61%	59
17.	64.209.138.199	27	0.55%	36
18.	isp.t-ipnet.de	25	0.51%	25
19.	fti.net	25	0.51%	25
20.	verizon.net	25	0.51%	58
	Subtotal	2,855	57.69%	6,294
	Other	2,094	42.31%	6,424
	Total	4,949	100.00%	12,718

Top Domain Names 57

Top Domain Names - Help Card

Domain Name – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second—level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top—level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third—level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this domain name. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from this domain name. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this domain name or IP address.

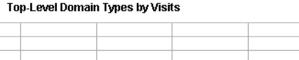
8

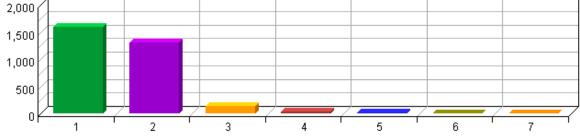
Use this information when you are interested in high-level domain names of visitors generating the most activity to your web site.

58 Top Domain Names

Top-Level Domain Types

This report provides a breakdown of top-level domain types.





Top-Level Domain Types

	Top–Level Domain Types	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Network	1,588	51.51%	3,394
2.	Commercial	1,305	42.33%	2,518
3.	Education	134	4.35%	457
4.	Government	35	1.14%	86
5.	Organization	15	0.49%	103
6.	Military	4	0.13%	7
7.	ARPANET	2	0.06%	2
	Total	3,083	100.00%	6,567

Top-Level Domain Types - Help Card

Top-Level Domain - The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains:

ARPANET: .arpa

Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz

Education: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn

International: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn

Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code]

Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Hits – Number of hits to your site from the specified top–level domain. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total visits or hits where there was sufficient information to identify the top–level domain. This number may be less than the total activity overall.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from the specified top–level domain. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits from sites in the specified top–level domain. The percentages refer to the total number of visits for which the domain name can be determined. Some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.

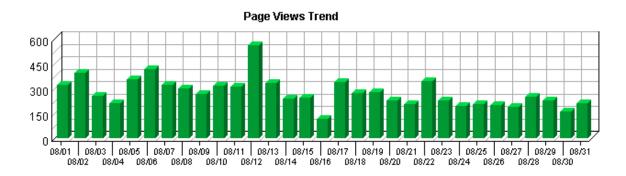
Q

Consider which types of organizations are interested in your site, and consider how you can interest other types of organizations.

Note: This information can be displayed only if reverse DNS lookups have been performed. Even when DNS lookups are performed, some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.

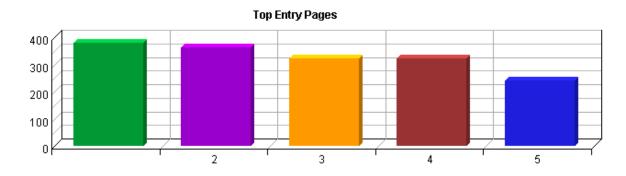
Pages Dashboard

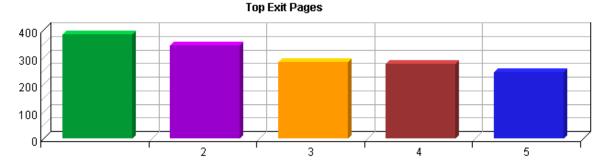
This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Pages chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Page View Summary

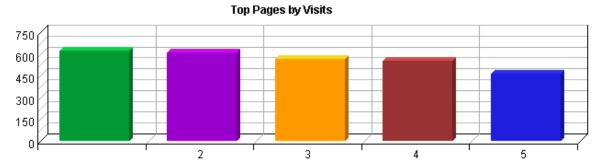
Page Views	8,497
Average per Day	274
Average Page Views per Visit	1.72

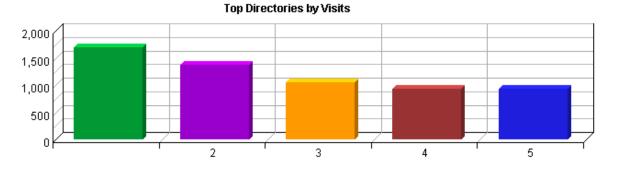




Pages Dashboard 61





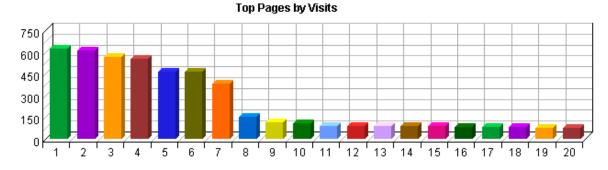


62 Pages Dashboard

Top Pages

This identifies the most popular web pages on your site and shows you the number of visits for each, and displays the average length of time the page was viewed.





Top Pages

	Pages	Visits	%	Views	Avg Time Viewed	Avg Time to Serve
1.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/economics/	623	8.22%	767	00:05:33	0
2.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	608	8.02%	758	00:05:50	0
3.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	564	7.44%	668	00:05:54	0
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	554	7.31%	678	00:06:05	0
5.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	466	6.15%	560	00:06:58	0

6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/	464	6.12%	549	00:06:07	0
7.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	384	5.06%	453	00:05:07	0
8.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/recipients.html	155	2.04%	158	00:06:19	0
9.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	113	1.49%	115	00:07:36	0
10.	2008 SAB Advisory Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ 2008sab/	107	1.41%	124	00:06:55	0
11.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/researchproj. html	91	1.20%	94	00:04:00	0
12.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	91	1.20%	96	00:02:34	0
13.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/solicitations.html	89	1.17%	90	00:05:25	0
14.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	89	1.17%	92	00:01:50	0
15.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	87	1.15%	89	00:03:56	0
16.	Recipients and their Research Projects Economics and Decision Sciences Scien http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/recipients.html	84	1.11%	85	00:06:14	0
17.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research.html	83	1.09%	84	00:04:44	0
18.		81	1.07%	83	00:02:37	0

	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html					
19.	Reports and Publications Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/reportspub. html	78	1.03%	79	00:06:57	0
20.	Solicitations Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/solicitations.html	78	1.03%	79	00:05:41	0
	Subtotal	4,889	64.48%	5,701	00:05:46	
	Other	2,693	35.52%	2,796	00:05:16	
	Total	7,582	100.00%	8,497	00:05:37	

Top Pages - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Views – Number of times this page was viewed by visitors.

% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

Average Time Viewed – Average length of time the specified page was viewed. (The format is hh:mm:ss – hours:minutes:seconds.)

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.

Pages with good content and design are more likely to attract visitors and be revisited. Less popular pages on a site can be made more appealing by improving the content or incorporating design elements similar to that on the more important pages. Always remember that people are far more interested in content than in design, and average view times can help determine which content is most important to your visitors.

Top Content Groups

This report identifies the most popular groups of web site pages and how often they were visited.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Content Groups - Help Card

? Content Group – A defined group of web pages with specific things in common, such as the same types of products, services, or information.

Group Name – Name of the content group being analyzed.

Total – The sum of the visit counts for the content groups. During a single visit, the visitor may view pages in zero, one, or multiple content groups, causing some visits to be omitted from this total and some visits to be counted more than once.

Visits – Number of visits where the visitor viewed at least one page in the specified content group. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

8

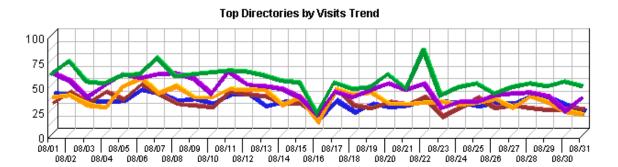
The information on this page can show you which content groups were most popular. This will reveal the reasons people visit your web site, and what is most interesting and least interesting to them.

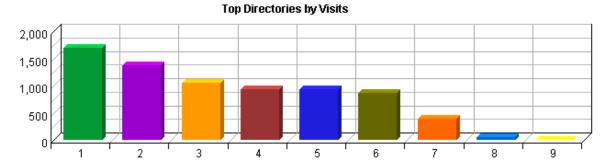
Top Content Groups 67

Top Content Groups

Top Directories

This report lists the most commonly accessed directories on your web site. This information can help determine the types of data most often requested.





Top Directories

	Path To Directory	Visits	%	Hits	Kbytes Transferred
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine	1,697	23.31%	3,312	490,073
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm	1,365	18.75%	2,959	348,345
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater	1,059	14.55%	1,489	36,252
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse	932	12.80%	1,773	166,725
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics	929	12.76%	1,437	38,529
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate	869	11.94%	1,239	21,984
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/	384	5.27%	453	4,845
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/additional	43	0.59%	54	3,744
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/images	2	0.03%	2	0
	Total	7,280	100.00%	12,718	1,110,493

Top Directories 69

Top Directories - Help Card

Path to Directory – The full URL path to the directory being analyzed.

Visits – Number of visits to pages within the specified directory. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred by the server from the specified directory to your visitors.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to, or kilobytes of data transferred from the specified directory compared to all other directories.

This report indicates the content visitors are most interested in. Use this information to determine which content areas to develop further, which areas to focus on less, and how you can arrange your content most effectively. If the table is sorted by kilobytes of data transferred, this page reveals what kind of data the server spends the most time transferring, and may suggest different ways to organize your data, or different ways to distribute the server load if you have more than one server.

70 Top Directories

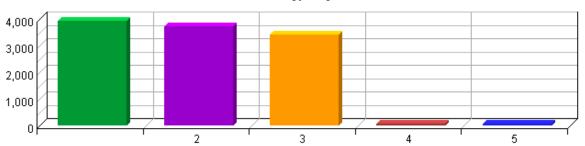
Files Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Files chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

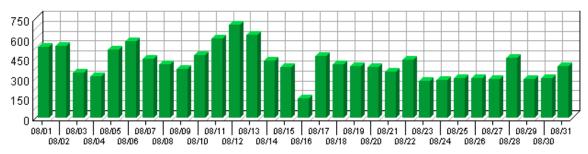
Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	12,718
Average Hits per Day	410
Home Page Hits	453

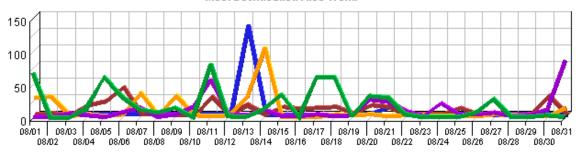
Most Accessed File Types by Files







Most Downloaded Files Trend

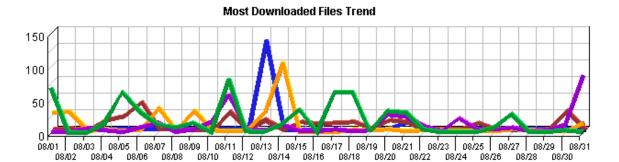


Files Dashboard 71

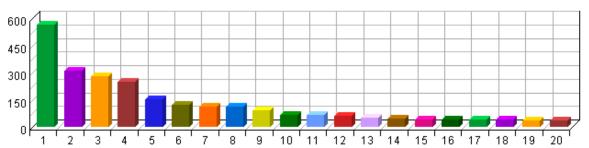
72 Files Dashboard

Most Downloaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files downloaded from your site.



Most Downloaded Files



Most Downloaded Files

	Downloaded Files	Downloads	%	Visits
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/hei/DieselSpecialReport02. pdf	564	13.64%	70
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/sos.pdf	310	7.50%	67
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/hei/Rean–ExecSumm.pdf	278	6.72%	31
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/decade_innovation.pdf	251	6.07%	65
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/pm.pdf	153	3.70%	11
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ holt.pdf	123	2.97%	17
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/epafinal.pdf	114	2.76%	42
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/science_econ1.pdf	112	2.71%	9
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ lazorchak.pdf	91	2.20%	22
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/ryan_r829010. pdf	66	1.60%	52
11.		64	1.55%	14

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ ferguson.pdf			
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/review/ edcsubcommitteereport–finalversion. pdf	60	1.45%	34
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ hauser.pdf	53	1.28%	20
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ francis.pdf	44	1.06%	11
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/development/ r825721_hughes_0415_draft.pdf	41	0.99%	39
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/humanhealth/ r825300_marcus_0415.pdf	40	0.97%	33
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/workshop06/ stoker.pdf	39	0.94%	14
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/wildlife/ r826310_mcmurry-030105-final.pdf	39	0.94%	31
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/wildlife/ r826129_leblanc=030105=final.pdf	38	0.92%	38
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/pdf/review/letter– to–aaord.pdf	36	0.87%	36
	Subtotal	2,516	60.85%	656
	Other	1,619	39.15%	1,504
	Total	4,135	100.00%	2,160

Most Downloaded Files - Help Card

Pownloads – Number of times the specified file was downloaded by a visitor. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Files – The path and filename of the file being analyzed.

Visits – The number of unique visitors who downloaded the specified file. If an error occurred in the transfer, the transfer is not counted.

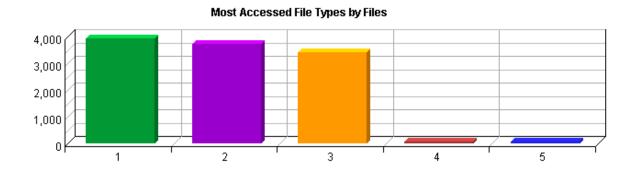
% – Percentage of times the specified file was downloaded compared to all downloaded files.

0

This information shows you the most popular downloadable files on your web site. Files that don't appear on the list, or appear low on the list, may require maintenance such as decreasing the file size, improving link placement, or elimination to make room for more popular content.

Most Accessed File Types

This report identifies the types of files accessed on your site and the total number of kilobytes of data transferred for each file type. Cached requests and erred hits are excluded from the totals. The types of files accessed are listed in descending order.



Most Accessed File Types

	File Type	Files	%	Kbytes Transferred
1.	htm	3,920	35.00%	61,130
2.	pdf	3,726	33.27%	794,544
3.	html	3,409	30.44%	84,854
4.	ppt	76	0.68%	165,115
5.	doc	69	0.62%	4,852
	Total	11,200	100.00%	1,110,493

Most Accessed File Types - Help Card

File Type – Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."

Files – Number of files of the specified type accessed by visitors to your site.

Kbytes Transferred - Number of kilobytes of data transferred for all files of the specified type.

% – Percentage of all kilobytes of data transferred for the specified file type.

This report provides general statistics for the type of data that visitors access on your site.

Most Uploaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files uploaded using FTP PUT, HTTP PUT, or HTTP POST.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Most Uploaded Files - Help Card

3

Files – The path and filename of the uploaded file being analyzed.

Top Uploads – Number of times the specified file was uploaded to your site. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Visits – Number of visits to your site where the specified file was uploaded. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times the specified file was uploaded compared with all uploaded files.



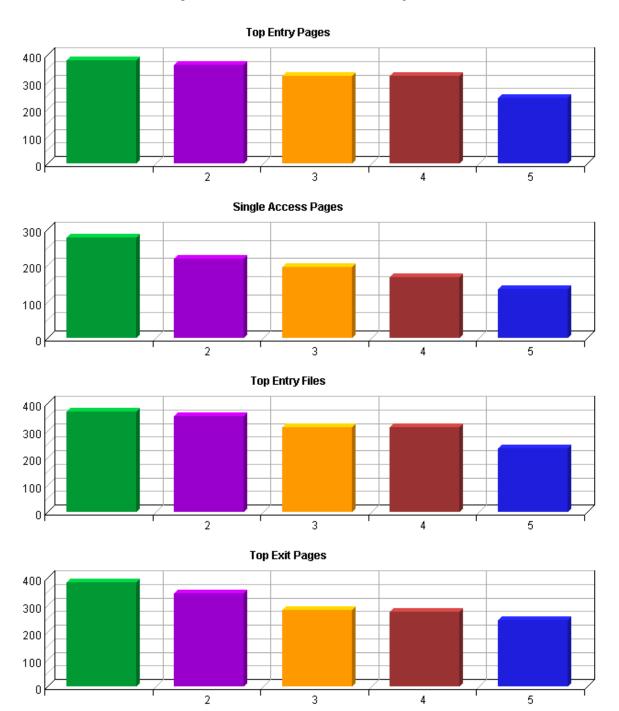
You may want to run virus scans on uploaded files.

Most Uploaded Files 79

80 Most Uploaded Files

Navigation Dashboard

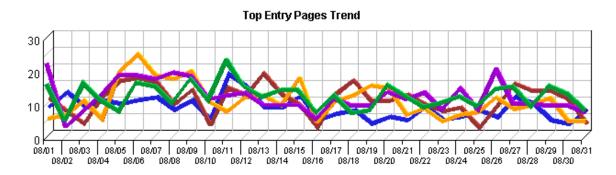
This dashboard summarizes important information related to online navigation.

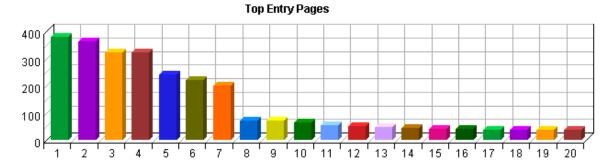


Navigation Dashboard 81

Top Entry Pages

This report identifies the first page viewed when a visitor visits your site. The most common entry page is usually the home page, but other common entry pages include specific URLs that visitors type, pages that have been bookmarked, or pages referred to by other sites.





Top Entry Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/	378	9.74%
2.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	363	9.35%
3.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	322	8.30%
4.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	322	8.30%
5.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	240	6.18%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research	220	5.67%

	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/		
7.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	199	5.13%
8.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/recipients.html	72	1.86%
9.	2008 SAB Advisory Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ 2008sab/	71	1.83%
10.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	66	1.70%
11.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	54	1.39%
12.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	50	1.29%
13.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	48	1.24%
14.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	44	1.13%
15.	Recipients and their Research Projects Economics and Decision Sciences Scien http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/recipients.html	42	1.08%
16.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research.html	40	1.03%
17.	Reports and Publications Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/reportspub. html	38	0.98%
18.	Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics	37	0.95%

	NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ results4.html		
19.	Program Reviews and Evaluations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topi http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/reviews.html	36	0.93%
20.	Related Links Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/relatedlinks.html	36	0.93%
	Subtotal	2,678	69.00%
	Other	1,203	31.00%
	Total	3,881	100.00%

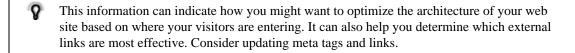
Top Entry Pages - Help Card

Entry Page – The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

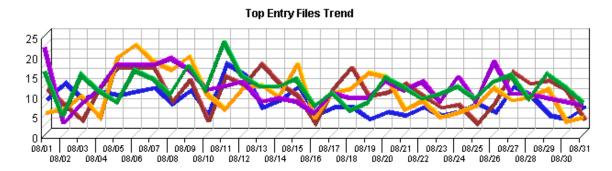
Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the entry page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

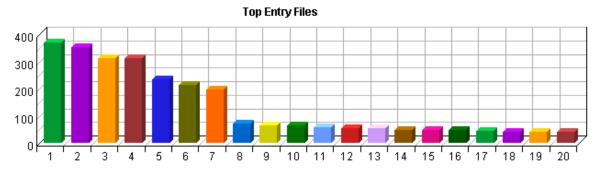
% – Percentage of times this page was the entry page compared with other entry pages.



Top Entry Files

This report identifies the first hit from a visitor visiting your site. This is most likely the home page but, in some cases it may also be specific URLs that visitors enter to go directly to a particular file or page.





Top Entry Files

	Files	Visits	%
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	368	7.44%
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/	352	7.11%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/	313	6.32%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/	313	6.32%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	233	4.71%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/	215	4.34%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/	195	3.94%
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/recipients. html	70	1.41%
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/2008sab/	66	1.33%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/centers.html	64	1.29%
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/hei/DieselSpecialReport02. pdf	59	1.19%
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/success.html	53	1.07%

Top Entry Files 87

13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/sos.pdf	53	1.07%
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/solicitations.html	48	0.97%
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/02_22_07_event. html	47	0.95%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/drinkingwater/ryan_r829010. pdf	47	0.95%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/economics.html	43	0.87%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/decade_innovation.pdf	42	0.85%
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/recipients.html	42	0.85%
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/research.html	39	0.79%
	Subtotal	2,662	53.79%
	Other	2,287	46.21%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Top Entry Files - Help Card



Files – Refers to the first file loaded to a visitor's browser. Contrast this with the first page loaded to a visitor's browser. The entry page for some visitors is not a formally defined page, so the information in this table and graph include all first hits regardless if the hit was on a formal page or not.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors whose first hit was the specified file. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Refers to the total numbers of visits.



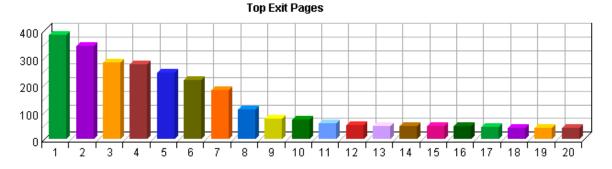
Consider what catches the attention of visitors most quickly and effectively.

88 Top Entry Files

Top Exit Pages

This report identifies the last page visitors viewed before they left your site.





Top Exit Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/	383	9.87%
2.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	343	8.84%
3.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	282	7.27%
4.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	274	7.06%
5.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/	244	6.29%
6.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	217	5.59%

	endocrine/		
7.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	179	4.61%
8.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/recipients.html	108	2.78%
9.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	74	1.91%
10.	2008 SAB Advisory Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ 2008sab/	71	1.83%
11.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	56	1.44%
12.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	52	1.34%
13.	Recipients and their Research Projects Economics and Decision Sciences Scien http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/recipients.html	49	1.26%
14.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	48	1.24%
15.	Solicitations Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/solicitations.html	47	1.21%
16.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/researchproj. html	47	1.21%
17.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	44	1.13%
18.	Progress/ Results by Grant Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD U http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	41	1.06%

	results2.html		
19.	Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ results4.html	39	1.01%
20.	Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ other.html	39	1.01%
	Subtotal	2,637	67.98%
	Other	1,242	32.02%
	Total	3,879	100.00%

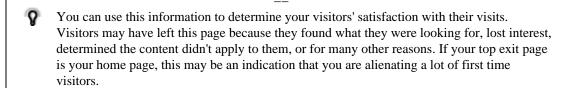
Top Exit Pages – Help Card

Exit Page – The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

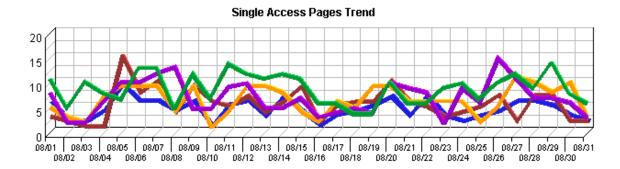
Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

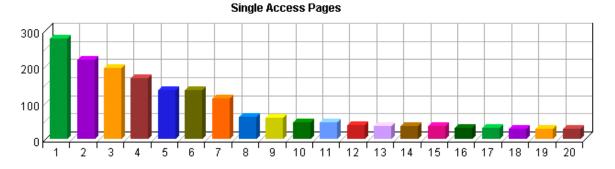
% – Percentage of times this page was the exit page compared with other exit pages.



Single Access Pages

This report identifies the pages on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page.





Single Access Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/	278	10.66%
2.	Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/	218	8.36%
3.	Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/globalclimate/	196	7.51%
4.	Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ drinkingwater/	169	6.48%
5.	Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/	135	5.17%
6.	Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA	134	5.14%

Single Access Pages 93

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/		
7.	Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	112	4.29%
8.	Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/recipients.html	60	2.30%
9.	PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ centers.html	58	2.22%
10.	2008 SAB Advisory Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ 2008sab/	47	1.80%
11.	Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/ success.html	45	1.72%
12.	Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/economics.html	38	1.46%
13.	Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/ 02_22_07_event.html	36	1.38%
14.	Recipients and their Research Projects Economics and Decision Sciences Scien http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ economics/recipients.html	36	1.38%
15.	Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ solicitations.html	35	1.34%
16.	Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/ results4.html	31	1.19%
17.	Research Results Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ globalclimate/research.html	30	1.15%
18.	Research Projects Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/	29	1.11%

94 Single Access Pages

	endocrine/ researchproj. html		
19.	Related Links Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/ endocrine/relatedlinks.html	29	1.11%
20.	Recipients and their Research Projects Technology for a Sustainable Environmen http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/tse/recipients.html	28	1.07%
	Subtotal	1,744	66.85%
	Other	865	33.15%
	Total	2,609	100.00%

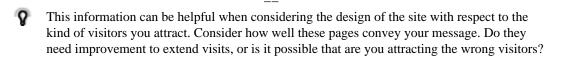
Single Access Pages - Help Card

Single Access Page – A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was a single access page compared with other single access pages.



Single Access Pages 95

Top Paths Through Site

This report tracks visitor activity beginning with their entry page into the site—the first page they open—then all subsequent pages during their visit. The default definition for a page in this context is defined as a document ending with the extension .htm, .html, or .asp. This definition can be changed by the system administrator.

Top Paths Through Site

Starting Page	Paths from Start	Visits	%
All Entry Pages	1. Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/	304	7.84%
	1. Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/	255	6.57%
	1. Global Change Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/	211	5.44%
	1. Drinking Water Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/drinkingwater/	199	5.13%
	1. Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/tse/	157	4.05%
	1. Endocrine Disruptors Research Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/endocrine/	144	3.71%
	1. Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/	119	3.07%
	1. Recipients and their Research Projects Global Change Science Topics NCER http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/recipients.	60	1.55%

html

1. PM Centers Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA	58	1.50%
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/centers.html		
1. 2008 SAB Advisory Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/pm/2008sab/	56	1.44%
1. Success Stories Technology for a Sustainable Environment Science Topics NC http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	46	1.19%
science/tse/success.html 1. Solicitations Economics and Decision Sciences Science Topics	39	1.01%
NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/economics.html		
1. Solicitations Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	36	0.93%
science/pm/solicitations.html 1. Consequences of Global Change for Air Quality Progress Review	36	0.93%
Global Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/globalclimate/02_22_07_event. html	36	0.93%
1. Recipients and their Research Projects Economics and Decision Sciences Scien http://es.epa.gov/ncer/ science/economics/recipients.html		
1. Monitoring Results Synopsis Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	31	0.80%
science/pm/results4.html 1. Other Related NCER Research Particulate Matter Science Topics NCER ORD	30	0.77%

http://es.epa.gov/ncer/science/pm/other.html

science/pm/other.html		
	30	0.77%
1. Research Results Global Change		
Science Topics NCER ORD		
US EPA		
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
science/globalclimate/research.html		
	30	0.77%
1. Research Projects Endocrine		
Disruptors Research Science		
Topics NCER ORD		
http://es.epa.gov/ncer/		
science/endocrine/researchproj.html		
	29	0.75%
1. Related Links Endocrine	/	5.7676
Disruptors Research Science		

Top Paths Through Site - Help Card

Path Through Site – The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page.

Topics | NCER | ORD | US http://es.epa.gov/ncer/

science/endocrine/relatedlinks.html

Paths From Start – With the exception of the starting page, this column lists the pages of the top paths taken through your site. The paths listed are limited to the paths configured for path analysis for this profile. These lists are grouped so that more than one row has the same starting page. To see the starting page for each of these lists, look in the Starting Page column and find the first entry up from the Paths from Start row.

Starting Page – The first page, or entry page, in the full path visitors take through your site.

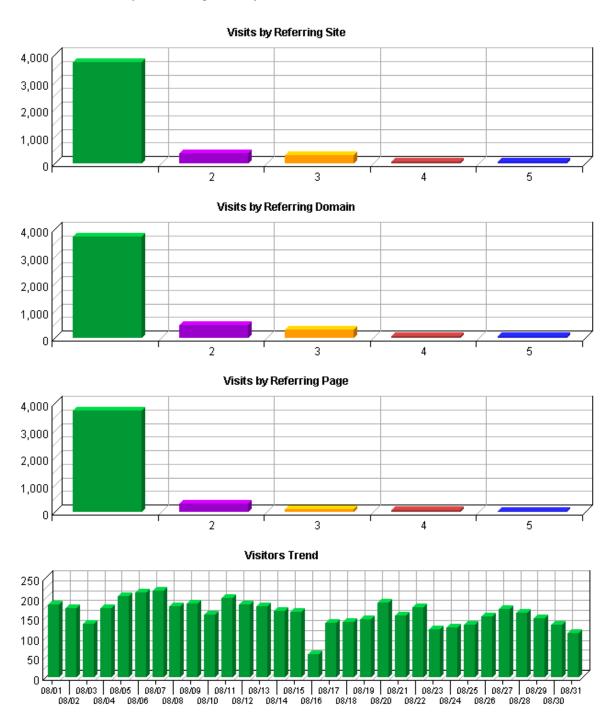
Visits – Number of visits where the specified path was followed. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times that the specified path through your site was taken compared to all other listed paths through your site.

Use this information to evaluate the design of your web site. Where do your visitors go once they reach your site? Which pages are visited first? Do your visitors appear to be looking for pages that should be more accessible?

Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.

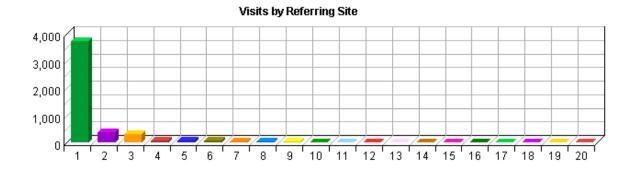


Referrers Dashboard 101

102 Referrers Dashboard

Activity by Referring Site

This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	3,717	75.11%
2.	http://es.epa.gov/	367	7.42%
3.	http://www.google.com/	306	6.18%
4.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	74	1.50%
5.	http://search.yahoo.com/	65	1.31%
6.	http://www.google.co.in/	55	1.11%
7.	http://www.google.com.au/	21	0.42%
8.	http://www.epa.gov/	18	0.36%
9.	http://www.google.co.za/	17	0.34%
10.	http://www.google.ca/	16	0.32%
11.	http://www.google.co.uk/	15	0.30%
12.	http://search.msn.com/	13	0.26%
13.	http://search.live.com/	11	0.22%
14.	http://www.env-econ.net/	11	0.22%
15.	http://images.google.com/	10	0.20%
16.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	10	0.20%
17.	http://images.google.co.in/	9	0.18%
18.	http://www.google.com.sg/	8	0.16%
19.	http://www.google.co.th/	8	0.16%
20.	http://www.google.co.id/	7	0.14%
	Subtotal	4,758	96.14%
	Other	191	3.86%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site - Help Card

Referring Sites – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

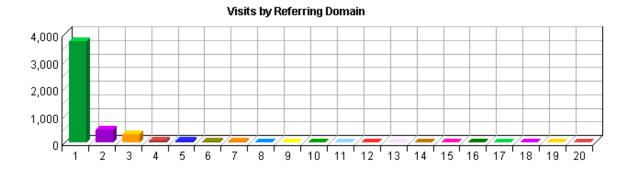
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

B

You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain

This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	3,717	75.11%
2.	epa.gov	473	9.56%
3.	google.com	316	6.39%
4.	yahoo.com	74	1.50%
5.	google.co.in	64	1.29%
6.	google.com.au	21	0.42%
7.	google.co.za	17	0.34%
8.	google.ca	16	0.32%
9.	google.co.uk	15	0.30%
10.	msn.com	13	0.26%
11.	live.com	11	0.22%
12.	env-econ.net	11	0.22%
13.	google.com.sg	8	0.16%
14.	google.co.th	8	0.16%
15.	google.com.ph	8	0.16%
16.	google.co.id	7	0.14%
17.	ask.com	7	0.14%
18.	google.fr	7	0.14%
19.	google.co.jp	7	0.14%
20.	bicycling.com	7	0.14%
	Subtotal	4,807	97.13%
	Other	142	2.87%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain - Help Card

Referring Domain – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.

Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

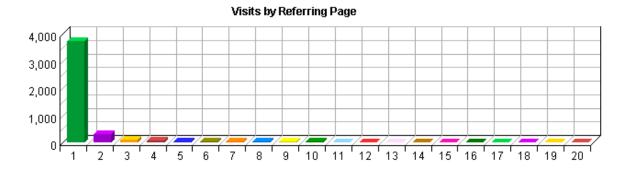
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

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You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page

This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page

	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	3,717	75.11%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	297	6.00%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	97	1.96%
4.	http://www.google.co.in/ search	55	1.11%
5.	http://search.yahoo.com/ search	49	0.99%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	48	0.97%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_star_adaptation.html	42	0.85%
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	22	0.44%
9.	http://www.google.com.au/ search	21	0.42%
10.	http://www.google.co.za/ search	17	0.34%
11.	http://www.google.ca/search	16	0.32%
12.	http://www.google.co.uk/ search	15	0.30%
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_star_climate_change. html	14	0.28%
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	14	0.28%
15.	http://search.msn.com/results.aspx	13	0.26%
16.	http://search.live.com/ results.aspx	11	0.22%
17.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/ epasearch/epasearch	10	0.20%
18.	http://images.google.com/ imgres	10	0.20%
19.	http://images.google.co.in/ imgres	9	0.18%
20.	http://www.google.co.th/ search	8	0.16%
	Subtotal	4,485	90.62%
	Other	464	9.38%
	Total	4,949	100.00%

Activity by Referring Page - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

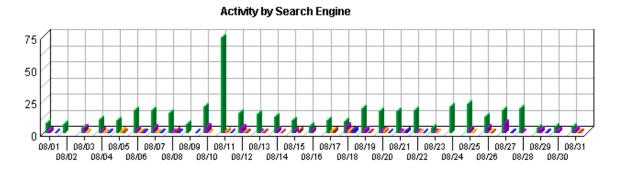
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

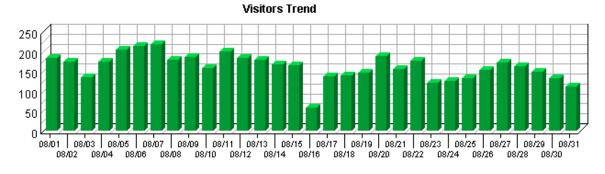
Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

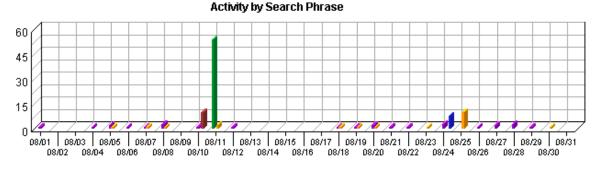
You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

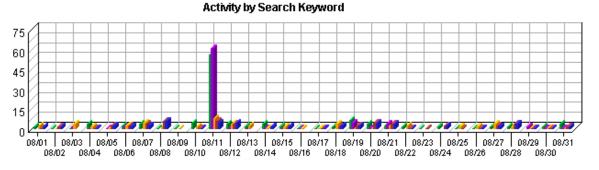
Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.







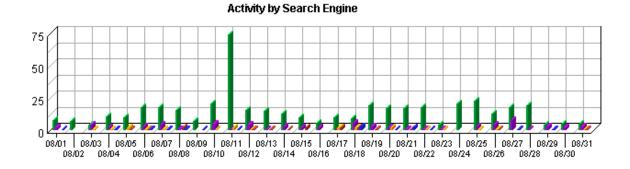


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	%
1.	google	456	71.47%
2.	yahoo	73	11.44%
3.	google australia	21	3.29%
4.	google canada	17	2.66%
5.	google uk	16	2.51%
6.	msn	13	2.04%
7.	google japan	7	1.10%
8.	google france	7	1.10%
9.	aol netfind	6	0.94%
10.	google germany	5	0.78%
11.	google italy	4	0.63%
12.	yahoo spain	3	0.47%
13.	altavista	2	0.31%
14.	yahoo uk &ireland	2	0.31%
15.	yahoo india	2	0.31%
16.	yahoo mexico	1	0.16%
17.	yahoo korea	1	0.16%
18.	yahoo singapore	1	0.16%
19.	yahoo japan	1	0.16%
	Total	638	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

ngines	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	specification of supercritical fluid for polymerization chain growth	54	8.46%
	particulate matter	25	3.92%
	riverbank filtration	18	2.82%
	daphnia, ecotoxicogenomics	10	1.57%
	puberty in michigan from pbb	8	1.25%
	epa center for particulate matter	4	0.63%
	michigan pbb	3	0.47%
	michelle marcus emory	2	0.31%
	kinetics of ozone	2	0.31%
	tse environmental llc	2	0.31%
	science topics	2	0.31%
	cryptosporidium parvum chlorine resistant site:.gov	2	0.31%
	suva water	2	0.31%
	air quality site:.gov	2	0.31%
	nancy ho	2	0.31%
	epa pm center	2	0.31%
	testosterone chemical structure	2	0.31%
	epa water	2	0.31%
	technological environment	2	0.31%
	estrogen birds egg	2	0.31%
2. yahoo	science research topics	5	0.78%
	epa drinking water standards	4	0.63%
	epa drinking water quality requirements	2	0.31%
	oronasal assessment	2	0.31%
	epa drinking water quality	2	0.31%
	epa safe drinking water standards	2	0.31%
	epa standards for drinking water	2	0.31%
	us epa drinking water standards	2	0.31%
	reanalysis of the harvard six cities study and the american	1	0.16%
	partnership for environmental research: technology for sustainable environment	1	0.16%
	exhaust uptake supports, marine diesel engines	1	0.16%
	environmental science topics epa	1	0.16%
	particulate size distribution contamination	1	0.16%
	epa pm	1	0.16%
	riverbank filtration	1	
	detection of chlorine in water	1	0.16%
	the endocrine organs of the chicken	1	0.16%

3. google australia environ*etchonlog* sustain* science research project examples year scx determination endocrine disruption endocrine disruption sex determination literature review diesel emissions effect us epa sustainable environment rates of infertility mathematical modelling for giardia and cryptosporidium hormone levels boys years epa endocrine disruptors endocrine disruptors 1 0. endocrine disruptors endocrine disruptors 1 0. scaco-2 giemsa crocodile phallus hks.ch integrated optimization of bromate formation in batch and flow through ozone contactors negative impact of technology on environment positive impacts of the applied science of cotton wool. effects of des on fetus particle matter 4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate suva definition water recent barcoding success stories dr renaud cardiac reviews gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by-product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold cocosystem valuation rfp 1. 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench				
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integrated optimization of bromate formation in batch and flow through ozone contactors negative impact of technology on environment positive impacts of the applied science of cotton wool. effects of des on fetus particle matter 1 0. 4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate suva definition water recent barcoding success stories dr renaud cardiac reviews gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by-product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 1 0. 2 0. 3 0. 4 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 5 0. 6 0. 6 0. 7 0. 8 0. 9 0.		crocodile phallus	1	0.169
through ozone contactors negative impact of technology on environment positive impacts of the applied science of cotton wool. effects of des on fetus particle matter 1 0. 4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate suva definition water recent barcoding success stories dr renaud cardiac reviews gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by—product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		hks.ch	1	0.16
positive impacts of the applied science of cotton wool. effects of des on fetus particle matter 1 0. 4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate suva definition water recent barcoding success stories dr renaud cardiac reviews gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by-product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.			1	0.16
effects of des on fetus particle matter 4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate suva definition water recent barcoding success stories dr renaud cardiac reviews gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by—product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		negative impact of technology on environment	1	0.16
particle matter 1 0. 4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate 2 0. suva definition water 2 0. recent barcoding success stories 1 0. dr renaud cardiac 1 0. reviews 1 0. gong et al. 2004 particulate matter 1 0. disinfectant by-product 1 0. particulate matter toxicity 1 0. solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal 0. outcomes for research project 1 0. tse resulkts 1 0. patricia mcclellan green pah 1 0. cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold 1 0. ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0.		positive impacts of the applied science of cotton wool.	1	0.16
4. google canada research on particulate air contaminate suva definition water 2 0. suva definition water 2 0. recent barcoding success stories 1 0. dr renaud cardiac 1 0. gong et al. 2004 particulate matter 1 0. gong et al. 2004 particulate matter 1 0. particulate matter toxicity 1 0. solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project 1 0. tse resulkts 1 0. patricia mcclellan green pah 1 0. cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold 1 0. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		effects of des on fetus	1	0.16
suva definition water 2 0. recent barcoding success stories 1 0. dr renaud cardiac 1 0. reviews 1 0. gong et al. 2004 particulate matter 1 0. disinfectant by-product 1 0. particulate matter toxicity 1 0. solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal 0. outcomes for research project 1 0. tse resulkts 1 0. patricia mcclellan green pah 1 0. cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold 1 0. ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		particle matter	1	0.16
recent barcoding success stories dr renaud cardiac reviews gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by-product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.	4. google canada	research on particulate air contaminate	2	0.31
dr renaud cardiac reviews 1 0. gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by–product particulate matter toxicity 1 0. solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project 1 0. tse resulkts 1 0. patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		suva definition water	2	0.31
reviews 1 0. gong et al. 2004 particulate matter 1 0. disinfectant by–product 1 0. particulate matter toxicity 1 0. solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project 1 0. tse resulkts 1 0. patricia mcclellan green pah 1 0. cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold 1 0. ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		recent barcoding success stories	1	0.16
gong et al. 2004 particulate matter disinfectant by-product particulate matter toxicity 1 0. solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		dr renaud cardiac	1	0.16
disinfectant by-product particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		reviews	1	0.16
particulate matter toxicity solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp solution and humic 1 0. 1 0. 1 0. 1 0. 1 0. 1 0. 1 0. 1 0.		gong et al. 2004 particulate matter	1	0.16
solid phase extraction of acidic compound and humic substances removal outcomes for research project 1 0. tse resulkts 1 0. patricia mcclellan green pah 1 0. cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold 1 0. ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		disinfectant by-product	1	0.16
substances removal outcomes for research project tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		particulate matter toxicity	1	0.16
tse resulkts patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		÷	1	0.16
patricia mcclellan green pah cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		outcomes for research project	1	0.169
cohort studies record linkage cancer adjust or correct loss to follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		tse resulkts	1	0.16
follow up particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		patricia mcclellan green pah	1	0.169
ecosystem valuation rfp 1 0. 5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.			1	0.169
5. google uk residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench 1 0.		particulate matter 2.5 micron threshold	1	0.169
		ecosystem valuation rfp	1	0.169
pah and endocrine 1 0.	5. google uk	residence time condensation of metallic vapours water quench	1	0.169
•		pah and endocrine	1	0.169

	emission chlorine dioxide impact on environment	1	0.16%
	organic yeast takes on nancy ho	1	0.16%
	yr old male puberty	1	0.16%
	measure pubertal development	1	0.16%
	yi li, sam, georgia institute of technology	1	0.16%
	trackmobiles for hire uk	1	0.16%
	goal of decision sciences	1	0.16%
	sex differentiation arrest in shrimp	1	0.16%
	organochlorine pesticides in lake griffin	1	0.16%
	vitellogenin male alligators	1	0.16%
	androgen pesticide	1	0.16%
	effects of particulate matter on human health	1	0.16%
	variability snail reproductive output	1	0.16%
	crocodile penis size	1	0.16%
6. msn	particulate matter	2	0.31%
	global change	2	0.31%
	particulate matters	1	0.16%
	environment science project topics	1	0.16%
	pm10 health risks	1	0.16%
	assessment tools endocrine system	1	0.16%
	topics /research related to rat control	1	0.16%
	drinking water	1	0.16%
	particulate matter size		0.16%
	epa drinking water		0.16%
	assessment tool endocrine system		0.16%
7. google japan	reproductive hormone in prepubertal male animals		0.16%
88 JF	nom monochloramine		0.16%
	hydroxylated pcbs birds		0.16%
	testis development postnatal rat		0.16%
	anti–androgen thyroid gland endocrine disruptors		0.16%
	maturity testis epididymis histology rat's puberty	1	0.16%
	air ion inactivation virus	1	0.16%
8. google france	endocrine disruptors in wastewater uv	1	0.16%
o. google name	monitoring sunopsis	1	
	t3m2 locomotive	_	0.16%
	berens supercritical fluid science and technology 208	1	0.16%
	haloacetonitrile	1	
	phtalate endometriosis	_	0.16%
	diesel mann et burmeister		0.16%
9. aol netfind	normal size phallus		0.16%
). aoi neumu	deformed frogs	1	0.16%
	-	1	0.16%
	what are xenostrogens	1	0.10%

	testerone chemical structure	1	0.16%
	stages of development in hatching quail eggs	1	0.16%
	quiz on deformation frogs	1	0.16%
10. google	vinclozolin endocrine disruptors	1	0.16%
germany	european center for environmental protection reanalysis	1	0.16%
	flow control and design of environmentally-benign spray systems	1	0.16%
	technology for sustainable environment	1	0.16%
	hydro reaction supercritical carbon dioxid cyclohexan	1	0.16%
11. google italy	endocrine disruptors	2	0.31%
	environment government decision economic	1	0.16%
	fine particulate atmospheric residence time	1	0.16%
12. yahoo spain	safe drinking water	2	0.31%
	epa pm1 pm2	1	0.16%
13. altavista	endocrine distrupting	1	0.16%
	pbb endocrine disruption	1	0.16%
14. yahoo uk	silver as disinfectant	1	0.16%
&ireland	congo red agar	1	0.16%
15. yahoo india	assessment tools endocrine system	1	0.16%
	science topics for research	1	0.16%
16. yahoo mexico	effect of global change on air quality models	1	0.16%
17. yahoo korea	riverbank filtration	1	0.16%
18. yahoo singapore	research results of corn based plastics	1	0.16%
19. yahoo japan	virus ozonation inactivation	1	0.16%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	of	99	15.52%
	for	74	11.60%
	growth	55	8.62%
	supercritical	55	8.62%
	fluid	54	8.46%
	matter	54	8.46%
	chain	54	8.46%
	specification	54	8.46%
	polymerization	54	8.46%
	particulate	51	7.99%
	in	47	7.37%
	epa	44	6.90%

	research	27	4.23%
	water	24	3.76%
	filtration	21	3.29%
	endocrine	20	3.13%
	riverbank	18	2.82%
	the	18	2.82%
	science	16	2.51%
	pbb	14	2.19%
2. yahoo	epa	21	3.29%
	water	21	3.29%
	drinking	18	2.82%
	topics	12	1.88%
	of	11	1.72%
	standards	11	1.72%
	research	10	1.57%
	science	9	1.41%
	for	6	0.94%
	endocrine	6	0.94%
	the	6	0.94%
	environmental	5	0.78%
	to	4	0.63%
	quality	4	0.63%
	in	4	0.63%
	matter	3	0.47%
	us	3	0.47%
	particulate	3	0.47%
	economics	3	0.47%
	model	2	0.31%
3. google australia	of	6	0.94%
	endocrine	4	0.63%
	disruption	2	0.31%
	sex	2	0.31%
	effect	2	0.31%
	determination	2	0.31%
	development	2	0.31%
	on	2	0.31%
	epa	2	0.31%
	environment	2	0.31%
	science	2	0.31%
	autoimmune	1	0.16%
	disruptor	1	0.16%
	hks.ch	1	0.16%

	•		0.4.50/
	wool.	1	0.16%
	cotton	1	0.16%
	impacts	1	0.16%
	sustainability	1	0.16%
	review	1	0.16%
	formation	1	0.16%
4. google canada	particulate	5	0.78%
	research	3	0.47%
	matter	3	0.47%
	contaminate	2	0.31%
	definition	2	0.31%
	water	2	0.31%
	suva	2	0.31%
	on	2	0.31%
	air	2	0.31%
	up	1	0.16%
	acidic	1	0.16%
	loss	1	0.16%
	humic	1	0.16%
	2004	1	0.16%
	tse	1	0.16%
	adjust	1	0.16%
	linkage	1	0.16%
	for	1	0.16%
	cancer	1	0.16%
	solid	1	0.16%
5. google uk	of	4	0.63%
	on	3	0.47%
	male	2	0.31%
	in	2	0.31%
	development	1	0.16%
	ho	1	0.16%
	output	1	0.16%
	water	1	0.16%
	pah	1	0.16%
	snail	1	0.16%
	effects	1	0.16%
	variability	1	0.16%
	for	1	0.16%
	georgia	1	0.16%
	metallic	1	0.16%
	institute	1	0.16%
		-	0.10/0

	puberty	1	0.16%
	time	1	0.16%
	penis	1	0.16%
	human	1	0.16%
6. msn	particulate	4	0.63%
	matter	3	0.47%
	topics	2	0.31%
	drinking	2	0.31%
	system	2	0.31%
	water	2	0.31%
	global	2	0.31%
	assessment	2	0.31%
	change	2	0.31%
	endocrine	2	0.31%
	risks	1	0.16%
	project	1	0.16%
	science	1	0.16%
	size	1	0.16%
	matters	1	0.16%
	epa	1	0.16%
	tools	1	0.16%
	/research	1	0.16%
	related	1	0.16%
	to	1	0.16%
7. google japan	testis	2	0.31%
	pcbs	1	0.16%
	puberty	1	0.16%
	maturity	1	0.16%
	rat	1	0.16%
	postnatal	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	gland	1	0.16%
	prepubertal	1	0.16%
	male	1	0.16%
	birds	1	0.16%
	animals	1	0.16%
	disruptors	1	0.16%
	virus	1	0.16%
	anti-androgen	1	0.16%
	ion	1	0.16%
	development	1	0.16%
	rat's	1	0.16%

	reproductive	1	0.16%
	histology	1	0.16%
8. google france	wastewater	1	0.16%
	in	1	0.16%
	et	1	0.16%
	phtalate	1	0.16%
	endometriosis	1	0.16%
	disruptors	1	0.16%
	t3m2	1	0.16%
	locomotive	1	0.16%
	sunopsis	1	0.16%
	mann	1	0.16%
	monitoring	1	0.16%
	haloacetonitrile	1	0.16%
	berens	1	0.16%
	supercritical	1	0.16%
	fluid	1	0.16%
	science	1	0.16%
	technology	1	0.16%
	208	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	uv	1	0.16%
9. aol netfind	frogs	2	0.31%
	on	1	0.16%
	phallus	1	0.16%
	eggs	1	0.16%
	development	1	0.16%
	deformation	1	0.16%
	stages	1	0.16%
	hatching	1	0.16%
	quail	1	0.16%
	in	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
	what	1	0.16%
	are	1	0.16%
	xenostrogens	1	0.16%
	testerone	1	0.16%
	chemical	1	0.16%
	structure	1	0.16%
	normal	1	0.16%
	size	1	0.16%
	deformed	1	0.16%

10. google germany	for	2	0.31%
	european	1	0.16%
	sustainable	1	0.16%
	technology	1	0.16%
	systems	1	0.16%
	supercritical	1	0.16%
	disruptors	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	reaction	1	0.16%
	control	1	0.16%
	environment	1	0.16%
	center	1	0.16%
	protection	1	0.16%
	reanalysis	1	0.16%
	dioxid	1	0.16%
	carbon	1	0.16%
	flow	1	0.16%
	environmentally-benign	1	0.16%
	spray	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
11. google italy	disruptors	2	0.31%
	endocrine	2	0.31%
	decision	1	0.16%
	government	1	0.16%
	residence	1	0.16%
	atmospheric	1	0.16%
	particulate	1	0.16%
	environment	1	0.16%
	economic	1	0.16%
	time	1	0.16%
	fine	1	0.16%
12. yahoo spain	safe	2	0.31%
	drinking	2	0.31%
	water	2	0.31%
	pm1	1	0.16%
	pm2	1	0.16%
	epa	1	0.16%
13. altavista	endocrine	2	0.31%
	disruption	1	0.16%
	distrupting	1	0.16%
	pbb	1	0.16%
14. yahoo uk &ireland	as	1	0.16%

	agar	1	0.16%
	red	1	0.16%
	silver	1	0.16%
	disinfectant	1	0.16%
	congo	1	0.16%
15. yahoo india	assessment	1	0.16%
	topics	1	0.16%
	research	1	0.16%
	tools	1	0.16%
	system	1	0.16%
	endocrine	1	0.16%
	for	1	0.16%
	science	1	0.16%
16. yahoo mexico	change	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
	on	1	0.16%
	models	1	0.16%
	air	1	0.16%
	quality	1	0.16%
	global	1	0.16%
	effect	1	0.16%
17. yahoo korea	filtration	1	0.16%
	riverbank	1	0.16%
18. yahoo singapore	based	1	0.16%
	of	1	0.16%
	results	1	0.16%
	corn	1	0.16%
	plastics	1	0.16%
	research	1	0.16%
19. yahoo japan	inactivation	1	0.16%
	ozonation	1	0.16%
	virus	1	0.16%

Activity by Search Engine – Help Card

? Top Search Engines Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search

engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

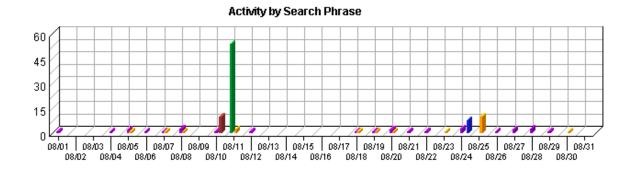
O

This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1.	specification of supercritical fluid for polymerization chain growth	54	8.48%
2.	particulate matter	27	4.24%
3.	riverbank filtration	20	3.14%
4.	daphnia, ecotoxicogenomics	10	1.57%
5.	puberty in michigan from pbb	8	1.26%
6.	science research topics	5	0.78%
7.	epa drinking water standards	4	0.63%
8.	epa center for particulate matter	4	0.63%
9.	michigan pbb	3	0.47%
10.	endocrine disruptors	3	0.47%
11.	safe drinking water	3	0.47%
12.	epa drinking water quality requirements	2	0.31%
13.	environmental science research topics	2	0.31%
14.	suva water	2	0.31%
15.	oronasal assessment	2	0.31%
16.	michelle marcus emory	2	0.31%
17.	epa drinking water quality	2	0.31%
18.	kinetics of ozone	2	0.31%
19.	estrogen birds egg	2	0.31%
20.	epa safe drinking water	2	0.31%

standards		
Subtotal	159	24.96%
Total	637	100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. specification of supercritical fluid for polymerization chain growth	google	54	8.48%
2. particulate matter	google	25	3.92%
	msn	2	0.31%
3. riverbank filtration	google	18	2.83%
	yahoo	1	0.16%
	yahoo korea	1	0.16%
4. daphnia, ecotoxicogenomics	google	10	1.57%
5. puberty in michigan from pbb	google	8	1.26%
6. science research topics	yahoo	5	0.78%
7. epa drinking water standards	yahoo	4	0.63%
8. epa center for particulate matter	google	4	0.63%
9. michigan pbb	google	3	0.47%
10. endocrine disruptors	google italy	2	0.31%
	yahoo	1	0.16%
11. safe drinking water	yahoo spain	2	0.31%
	google	1	0.16%
12. epa drinking water quality requirements	yahoo	2	0.31%
13. environmental science research topics	yahoo	1	0.16%
	google	1	0.16%
14. suva water	google	2	0.31%
15. oronasal assessment	yahoo	2	0.31%
16. michelle marcus emory	google	2	0.31%
17. epa drinking water quality	yahoo	2	0.31%
18. kinetics of ozone	google	2	0.31%
19. estrogen birds egg	google	2	0.31%
20. epa safe drinking water standards	yahoo	2	0.31%

Activity by Search Phrase - Help Card

? Top Search Phrases Table

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals– Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

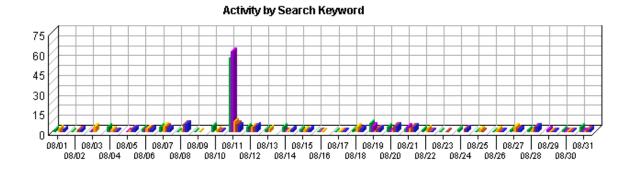
Q

How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	of	125	4.44%
2.	for	86	3.06%
3.	epa	69	2.45%
4.	matter	65	2.31%
5.	particulate	65	2.31%
6.	supercritical	58	2.06%
7.	in	57	2.03%
8.	growth	55	1.96%
9.	fluid	55	1.96%
10.	chain	54	1.92%
11.	specification	54	1.92%
12.	polymerization	54	1.92%
13.	water	52	1.85%
14.	research	43	1.53%
15.	endocrine	41	1.46%
16.	science	30	1.07%
17.	drinking	29	1.03%
18.	topics	28	1.00%
19.	the	25	0.89%
20.	filtration	23	0.82%
	Subtotal	1,068	37.97%
	Total	2,813	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. of	google	99	3.52%
	yahoo	11	0.39%
	google australia	6	0.21%
	google uk	4	0.14%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.04%
	google germany	1	0.04%
	yahoo mexico	1	0.04%
	google canada	1	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.04%
2. for	google	74	2.63%
	yahoo	6	0.21%
	google germany	2	0.07%
	google uk	1	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	google canada	1	0.04%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
3. epa	google	44	1.56%
	yahoo	21	0.75%
	google australia	2	0.07%
	msn	1	0.04%
	yahoo spain	1	0.04%
4. matter	google	54	1.92%
	msn	3	0.11%
	yahoo	3	0.11%
	google canada	3	0.11%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	google uk	1	0.04%
5. particulate	google	51	1.81%
	google canada	5	0.18%
	msn	4	0.14%
	yahoo	3	0.11%
	google uk	1	0.04%
	google italy	1	0.04%
6. supercritical	google	55	1.96%
	yahoo	1	0.04%
	google france	1	0.04%
	google germany	1	0.04%
7. in	google	47	1.67%
	yahoo	4	0.14%

	google uk	2	0.07%
	google france	1	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	aol netfind	1	0.04%
	google japan	1	0.04%
8. growth	google	55	1.96%
9. fluid	google	54	1.92%
	google france	1	0.04%
10. chain	google	54	1.92%
11. specification	google	54	1.92%
12. polymerization	google	54	1.92%
13. water	google	24	0.85%
	yahoo	21	0.75%
	yahoo spain	2	0.07%
	google canada	2	0.07%
	msn	2	0.07%
	google uk	1	0.04%
14. research	google	27	0.96%
	yahoo	10	0.36%
	google canada	3	0.11%
	yahoo singapore	1	0.04%
	google australia	1	0.04%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
15. endocrine	google	20	0.71%
	yahoo	6	0.21%
	google australia	4	0.14%
	altavista	2	0.07%
	msn	2	0.07%
	google italy	2	0.07%
	google germany	1	0.04%
	google france	1	0.04%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
	google uk	1	0.04%
	google japan	1	0.04%
16. science	google	16	0.57%
	yahoo	9	0.32%
	google australia	2	0.07%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
	msn	1	0.04%
	google france	1	0.04%
17. drinking	yahoo	18	0.64%
	google	7	0.25%

	msn	2	0.07%
	yahoo spain	2	0.07%
18. topics	google	13	0.46%
	yahoo	12	0.43%
	msn	2	0.07%
	yahoo india	1	0.04%
19. the	google	18	0.64%
	yahoo	6	0.21%
	google australia	1	0.04%
20. filtration	google	21	0.75%
	yahoo	1	0.04%
	yahoo korea	1	0.04%

Activity by Search Keyword - Help Card

? Top Search Keywords Table

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

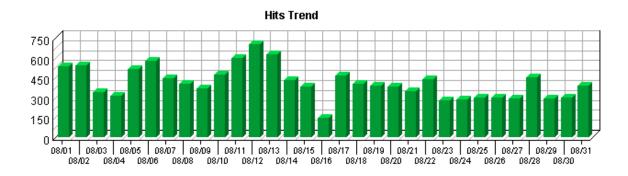
S.

At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Technical Dashboard

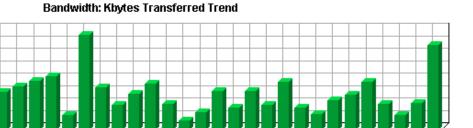
100,000 75,000 50,000 25,000

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online technical activity.



Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	12,718
Average Hits per Day	410
Home Page Hits	453



Technical Statistics

08/10

08/08

08/04

08/06

Total Hits	13,780	100%
Successful Hits	12,718	92.29%
Failed Hits	1,062	7.71%
Cached Hits	1,518	11.02%

08/03 | 08/05 | 08/07 | 08/09 | 08/11 | 08/13 | 08/15 | 08/17 | 08/19 | 08/21 | 08/23 | 08/25 | 08/27 | 08/29 | 08/31

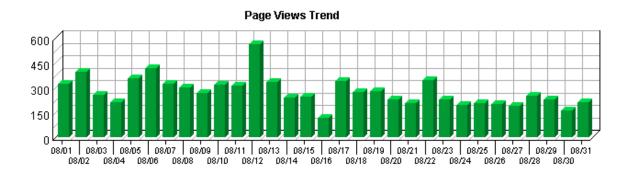
08/12 08/14 08/16 08/18 08/20 08/22 08/24

Technical Dashboard 131

132 Technical Dashboard

Page Views Trend

This report helps you determine the bandwidth requirements of your web site by tracking page views over the course of the report period.



Page Views Trend

Time Interval	Page Views	%
08/01	322	3.79%
08/02	393	4.63%
08/03	257	3.02%
08/04	212	2.49%
08/05	354	4.17%
08/06	417	4.91%
08/07	320	3.77%
08/08	298	3.51%
08/09	269	3.17%
08/10	318	3.74%
08/11	311	3.66%
08/12	559	6.58%
08/13	333	3.92%
08/14	238	2.80%
08/15	245	2.88%
08/16	114	1.34%
08/17	341	4.01%
08/18	272	3.20%
08/19	278	3.27%
08/20	226	2.66%
08/21	203	2.39%
08/22	346	4.07%
08/23	225	2.65%
08/24	196	2.31%
08/25	206	2.42%

Page Views Trend 133

08/26	201	2.37%
08/27	189	2.22%
08/28	250	2.94%
08/29	230	2.71%
08/30	161	1.89%
08/31	213	2.51%
Total	8,497	100.00%

Page Views Trend - Help Card



Page – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Page View – A hit to any file classified as a page. In order to view a web page with embedded images, for example, a browser must retrieve multiple files. The page and its embedded files counts as a single page view.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of total page views that occurred during the specified time interval.

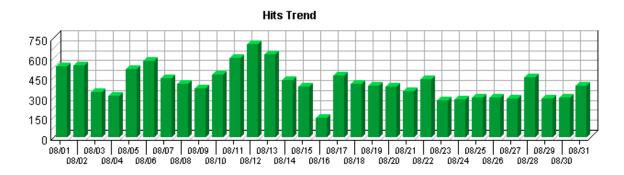


Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

134 Page Views Trend

Hits Trend

This report helps you learn the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking hits over the course of the report period.



Hits Trend

Time Interval	Hits	%
08/01	533	4.19%
08/02	539	4.24%
08/03	343	2.70%
08/04	313	2.46%
08/05	514	4.04%
08/06	577	4.54%
08/07	446	3.51%
08/08	405	3.18%
08/09	370	2.91%
08/10	475	3.73%
08/11	594	4.67%
08/12	701	5.51%
08/13	627	4.93%
08/14	431	3.39%
08/15	382	3.00%
08/16	149	1.17%
08/17	465	3.66%
08/18	400	3.15%
08/19	391	3.07%
08/20	381	3.00%
08/21	350	2.75%
08/22	438	3.44%
08/23	280	2.20%
08/24	287	2.26%
08/25	297	2.34%

Hits Trend 135

08/26	300	2.36%
08/27	290	2.28%
08/28	454	3.57%
08/29	294	2.31%
08/30	301	2.37%
08/31	391	3.07%
Total	12,718	100.00%

Hits Trend - Help Card



Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of hits that occurred during the specified time interval.

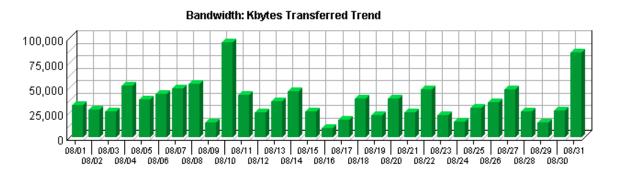


Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

136 Hits Trend

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

This report helps you see the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking kilobytes transferred over the course of the report period.

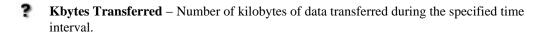


Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

Time Interval	Kbytes Transferred	%
08/01	32,295	2.91%
08/02	27,849	2.51%
08/03	26,086	2.35%
08/04	52,171	4.70%
08/05	37,519	3.38%
08/06	43,589	3.93%
08/07	48,859	4.40%
08/08	53,703	4.84%
08/09	14,701	1.32%
08/10	95,636	8.61%
08/11	42,753	3.85%
08/12	24,958	2.25%
08/13	36,504	3.29%
08/14	46,238	4.16%
08/15	25,998	2.34%
08/16	9,345	0.84%
08/17	17,197	1.55%
08/18	38,858	3.50%
08/19	22,432	2.02%
08/20	38,578	3.47%
08/21	24,837	2.24%
08/22	48,046	4.33%
08/23	21,903	1.97%
08/24	16,030	1.44%
08/25	29,593	2.66%

08/26	34,880	3.14%
08/27	47,719	4.30%
08/28	25,567	2.30%
08/29	14,954	1.35%
08/30	26,646	2.40%
08/31	85,069	7.66%
Total	1,110,493	100.00%

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend - Help Card



Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of total kilobytes of data transferred that were transferred during the specified time interval.

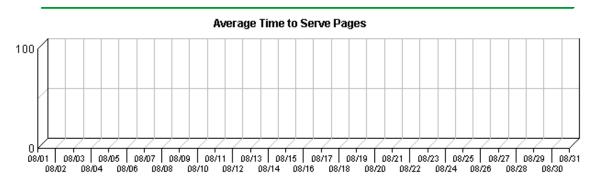


Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Average Time to Serve Pages

This report displays the average amount of time (in milliseconds) it takes to serve pages.

Note: Not all web servers log the information necessary to create this report.



Average Time to Serve Pages

Time Interval	Total Time to Serve	Pages Served	Average Time to Serve
08/01	0	322	0
08/02	0	393	0
08/03	0	257	0
08/04	0	212	0
08/05	0	354	0
08/06	0	417	0
08/07	0	320	0
08/08	0	298	0
08/09	0	269	0
08/10	0	318	0
08/11	0	311	0
08/12	0	559	0
08/13	0	333	0
08/14	0	238	0
08/15	0	245	0
08/16	0	114	0
08/17	0	341	0
08/18	0	272	0
08/19	0	278	0
08/20	0	226	0
08/21	0	203	0
08/22	0	346	0
08/23	0	225	0
08/24	0	196	0
08/25	0	206	0

08/26	0	201	0
08/27	0	189	0
08/28	0	250	0
08/29	0	230	0
08/30	0	161	0
08/31	0	213	0
Total	0	8,497	0.0

Average Time to Serve Pages - Help Card

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Time Interval – A one–year report displays monthly time increments. A one–quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one–month report or a one–week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Total Time to Serve – The total amount of time the server spent serving documents during the specified time interval.

Pages Served – Number of pages served to visitors during the specified time interval.

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.

Consider increasing your available bandwidth if the times to serve spike at rates disproportionate to the number of documents served during the same time interval. If you see this problem and have enough bandwidth, your server power may be a factor.

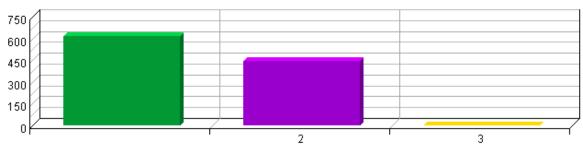
Errors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Errors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

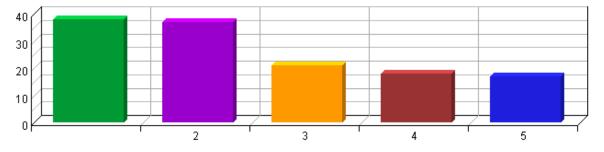
Technical Statistics

Total Hits	13,780	100%
Successful Hits	12,718	92.29%
Failed Hits	1,062	7.71%
Cached Hits	1,518	11.02%





File Not Found Errors



Errors Dashboard 141

142 Errors Dashboard

Client Errors

This report identifies the error codes from the browsers accessing your server.



Client Errors

	HTTP Status Codes	Hits	%
1.	404 Not Found	617	58.10%
2.	403 Forbidden	444	41.81%
3.	400 Bad Request	1	0.09%
	Total	1,062	100.00%

Client Errors – Help Card

Client Errors – An error caused by a problem on your visitor's end of the web site connection. The server is not responsible for client errors.

Hits – Number of failed hits that returned this status code.

HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of total failed hits that returned this status code.

Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

Client Errors 143

144 Client Errors

File Not Found Errors

This report identifies files that returned "404 – Not Found" or "410 – Gone" errors from your server.



File Not Found Errors

1. /ncer/science/pm/ supersitesrfa.html (no referrer) 2. /ncer/science/pm/supersit01. html (no referrer) 3. /ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/edcresponsetobosc- table090705.pdf (no referrer) 4. /ncer/science/economics/pdf/ 2002_decison_making_proceedings. pdf (no referrer) 5. /ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/ EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf	0% 0%
(no referrer) 3. /ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ 21 3.40 review/edcresponsetobosc- table090705.pdf (no referrer) 4. /ncer/science/economics/pdf/ 18 2.92 2002_decison_making_proceedings. pdf (no referrer) 5. /ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/ EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf	0%
review/edcresponsetobosc - table090705.pdf (no referrer) 4. /ncer/science/economics/pdf/ 18 2.92 2002_decison_making_proceedings. pdf (no referrer) 5. /ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/ EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf	
2002_decison_making_proceedings. pdf (no referrer) 5. /ncer/science/endocrine/pdf/ review/ EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf	2%
EDCProgramReviewResponsetoBOSC-narrative.pdf	
(no referrer)	5%
6. /ncer/science/pm//pm_inc.php? 7 1.13 pm_path=http://www.topyn.com/ ips.txt? (no referrer)	3%
7. /ncer/science//pm_inc.php? 6 0.97 pm_path=http://www.topyn.com/ips. txt? (no referrer)	7%
8. /ncer/science/endocrine/ evaluations.html 5 0.81 (no referrer)	l%
9. /ncer/science/endocrine/ 5 0.81 TEMPLATES/workshop06/laws.pdf (no referrer)	1%
10. /ncer/science/endocrine/ 5 0.81 TEMPLATES/workshop06/lazorchak.pdf (no referrer)	1%
11. /ncer/science/endocrine/ results.html 4 0.65 (no referrer)	5%
12. /ncer/science/endocrine/ 4 0.65 TEMPLATES/workshop06/bakerd.pdf	5%

File Not Found Errors 145

	(no referrer)		
13.	/ncer/science/pm/centers.html/ /pm_inc.php?pm_path=http:// www.topyn.com/ips.txt? (no referrer)	4	0.65%
14.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/gilbert.pdf (no referrer)	3	0.49%
15.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/martin.pdf (no referrer)	3	0.49%
16.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ recipients.html (no referrer)	3	0.49%
17.	/ncer/science/economics)/ http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ archive/grants/03/current/ 2003_market_mech.html	3	0.49%
18.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/stoker.pdf (no referrer)	3	0.49%
19.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/swan.pdf (no referrer)	3	0.49%
20.	/ncer/science/endocrine/ TEMPLATES/workshop06/francis.pdf (no referrer)	3	0.49%
	Subtotal	192	31.12%
	Other	425	68.88%
	Total	617	100.00%

File Not Found Errors - Help Card

Hits – Number of times a request for this file returned a "404 – Not Found" error or a "410 – Gone" error from your server.

Files – This column lists the file that could not be found and the URL of the referrer (if known).

 $\mbox{\%}$ – Percentage of the total 404 and 410 errors that were for this file.

Check the links to all pages and files listed in this table. The files were either moved or they no longer exist, and the links are no longer successful.

146 File Not Found Errors

Server Errors

This report lists the errors which occurred on the server.

These errors did not occur in the log data during the requested reporting period.

Server Errors - Help Card

5

Hits – Number of failed hits of the type specified in the "Pages" column. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of failed hits that were of the specified type.



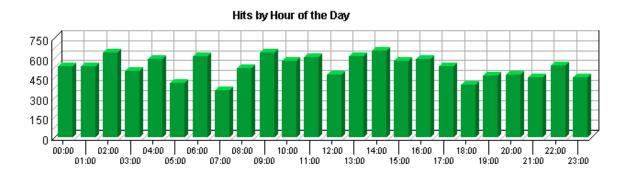
Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

Server Errors 147

148 Server Errors

Activity Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Activity chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

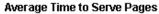


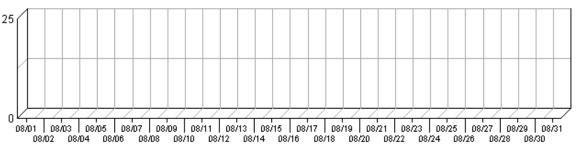
Most Active Summary

Most Active Date	August 12, 2008
Number of Hits on Most Active Date	701
Most Active Day of the Week	Fri
Most Active Hour of the Day	14:00-14:59

Activity on Weekdays Summary

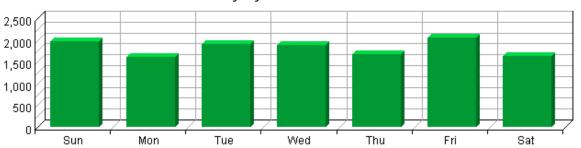
Total Hits Weekdays	9,118
Total Visits Weekdays	3,617
Average Number of Visits per day on Weekdays	172
Average Number of Hits per day on Weekdays	434





Activity Dashboard 149

Hits by Day of the Week



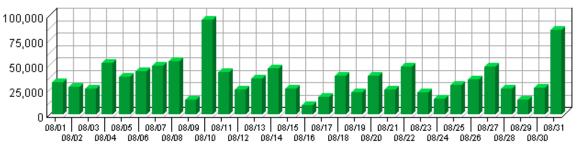
Least Active Summary

Least Active Date	August 16, 2008
Number of Hits on Least Active Date	149
Least Active Day of the Week	Mon
Least Active Hour of the Day	07:00-07:59

Activity on Weekends Summary

Total Hits Weekend	3,600
Total Visits Weekend	1,332
Average Number of Visits per Weekend	266
Average Number of Hits per Weekend	720

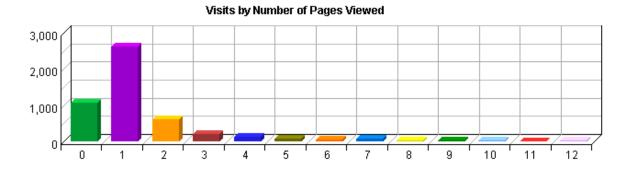




150 Activity Dashboard

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

This report shows you how many times visitors viewed one page, how many viewed two pages, etc.



Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

Number of Pages Viewed	Visits	%
0	1,068	21.59%
1	2,609	52.74%
2	608	12.29%
3	212	4.29%
4	115	2.32%
5	66	1.33%
6	43	0.87%
7	67	1.35%
8	36	0.73%
9	19	0.38%
10	16	0.32%
11	11	0.22%
12	15	0.30%
Subtotal	4,885	98.75%
Other	62	1.25%
Total	4,947	100.00%

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed - Help Card

Number of Pages Viewed – The number of pages viewed during a visit. If the visitor viewed only non–page files such as a .gif or a .jpeg, the count of pages viewed is zero for that visit.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who viewed the specified number of pages. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default

idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

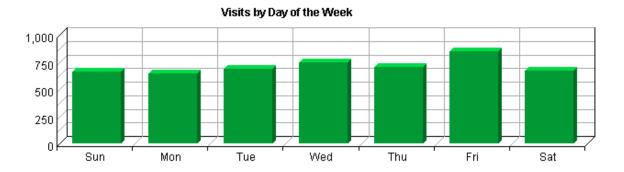
% – Percentage of total visits by people who viewed the specified number of pages.



You can use this information to quickly find out the number and percentages of viewers who read a given number of pages on your site. If most visitors only view a few pages, it may indicate that they cannot find the content they are looking for.

Visits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Visits by Day of the Week

Day	Visits	%
Sun	665	13.44%
Mon	640	12.93%
Tue	683	13.80%
Wed	748	15.11%
Thu	701	14.16%
Fri	845	17.07%
Sat	667	13.48%
Total Weekend	1,332	26.91%
Total Weekdays	3,617	73.09%
Total	4,949	100.00%

Visits by Day of the Week - Help Card

3

 $\boldsymbol{Day}-\boldsymbol{Specified}$ day of the week being tracked.

Visits – Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

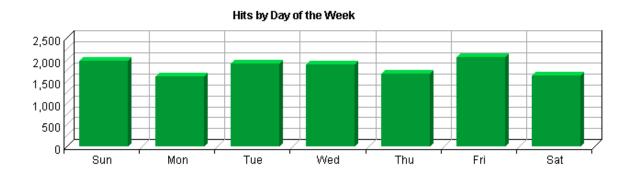
8

Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one

week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Hits by Day of the Week

Day	Hits	%
Sun	1,961	15.42%
Mon	1,604	12.61%
Tue	1,906	14.99%
Wed	1,875	14.74%
Thu	1,681	13.22%
Fri	2,052	16.13%
Sat	1,639	12.89%
Total Weekend	3,600	28.31%
Total Weekdays	9,118	71.69%
Total	12,718	100.00%

Hits by Day of the Week - Help Card

3

Day – Specified day of the week being tracked.

Hits – Number of hits on the specified day of the week. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

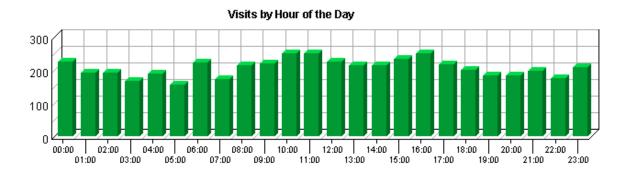
 $\mbox{\%}$ – Percentage of total hits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

S

Days of less activity should be considered good days for maintenance and content improvement.

Visits by Hour of the Day

This report shows activity for each hour of the day. It also shows the most and the least active hours of the day for the report period.



Visits by Hour of the Day

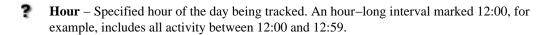
Hour	Visits	%
00:00	224	4.53%
01:00	192	3.88%
02:00	191	3.86%
03:00	168	3.39%
04:00	189	3.82%
05:00	156	3.15%
06:00	222	4.49%
07:00	171	3.46%
08:00	215	4.34%
09:00	220	4.45%
10:00	249	5.03%
11:00	250	5.05%
12:00	225	4.55%
13:00	214	4.32%
14:00	214	4.32%
15:00	234	4.73%
16:00	250	5.05%
17:00	216	4.36%
18:00	201	4.06%
19:00	184	3.72%
20:00	183	3.70%
21:00	196	3.96%
22:00	176	3.56%
23:00	209	4.22%
Total Visits during Work Hours (8:00am-5:00pm)	2,071	41.85%

Total Visits during After Hours (5:01pm-7:59am)	2,878	58.15%
Total	4,949	100.00%

Summary of Visits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	11:00-11:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	05:00-05:59

Visits by Hour of the Day - Help Card



Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of visits

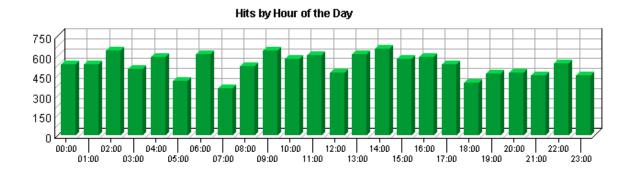
Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Hits by Hour of the Day

This report shows the most and the least active hour of the day for the report period. The second table breaks down activity for the given report period to show the average activity for each individual hour of the day. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all hits during that period of time for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis.



Hits by Hour of the Day

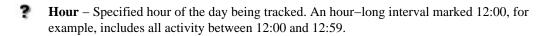
Hour	Hits	%
00:00	532	4.18%
01:00	533	4.19%
02:00	637	5.01%
03:00	499	3.92%
04:00	589	4.63%
05:00	409	3.22%
06:00	611	4.80%
07:00	356	2.80%
08:00	520	4.09%
09:00	638	5.02%
10:00	578	4.54%
11:00	606	4.76%
12:00	474	3.73%
13:00	608	4.78%
14:00	653	5.13%
15:00	577	4.54%
16:00	587	4.62%
17:00	532	4.18%
18:00	396	3.11%
19:00	464	3.65%
20:00	471	3.70%
21:00	453	3.56%
22:00	544	4.28%
23:00	451	3.55%

Total Hits during Work Hours (8:00am-5:00pm)	5,241	41.21%
Total Hits during After Hours (5:01pm-7:59am)	7,477	58.79%
Total	12,718	100.00%

Summary of Hits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	14:00–14:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	07:00-07:59

Hits by Hour of the Day - Help Card



Hits – Number of hits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

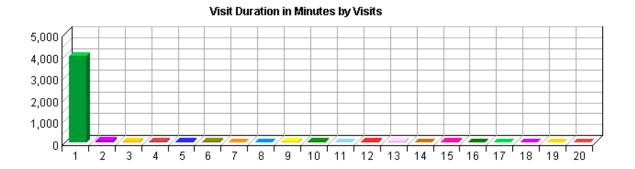
Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of hits.

% – Percentage of hits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Visit Duration by Visits

This report shows the number and percentages of visits over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Visits

Visit Duration in Minutes	Visits	%
0–1	4,001	80.88%
1–2	69	1.39%
2–3	56	1.13%
3–4	44	0.89%
4–5	35	0.71%
5–6	26	0.53%
6–7	21	0.42%
7–8	19	0.38%
8–9	29	0.59%
9–10	37	0.75%
10–11	13	0.26%
11–12	29	0.59%
12–13	27	0.55%
13–14	16	0.32%
14–15	23	0.46%
15–16	18	0.36%
16–17	9	0.18%
17–18	15	0.30%
18–19	19	0.38%
19–20	12	0.24%
Subtotal	4,518	91.33%
Other	429	8.67%
Total	4,947	100.00%

Visit Duration by Visits 161

Visit Duration by Visits - Help Card

? Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

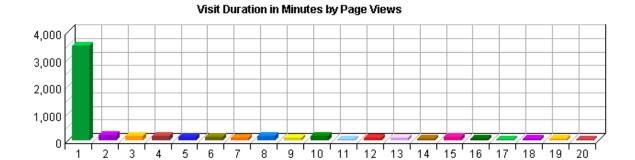
Visits – Number of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.

This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

Visit Duration by Page Views

This report shows the number and percentages of pages views over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Page Views

Visit Duration in Minutes	Views	%
0–1	3,490	41.10%
1–2	219	2.58%
2–3	165	1.94%
3–4	163	1.92%
4–5	137	1.61%
5–6	139	1.64%
6–7	106	1.25%
7–8	178	2.10%
8–9	94	1.11%
9–10	157	1.85%
10–11	36	0.42%
11–12	117	1.38%
12–13	97	1.14%
13–14	51	0.60%
14–15	135	1.59%
15–16	56	0.66%
16–17	25	0.29%
17–18	54	0.64%
18–19	59	0.69%
19–20	48	0.57%
Subtotal	5,526	65.08%
Other	2,965	34.92%
Total	8,491	100.00%

Visit Duration by Page Views - Help Card

5

Page – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

Views – A page view is A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast page views with hits, which counts files of every type.

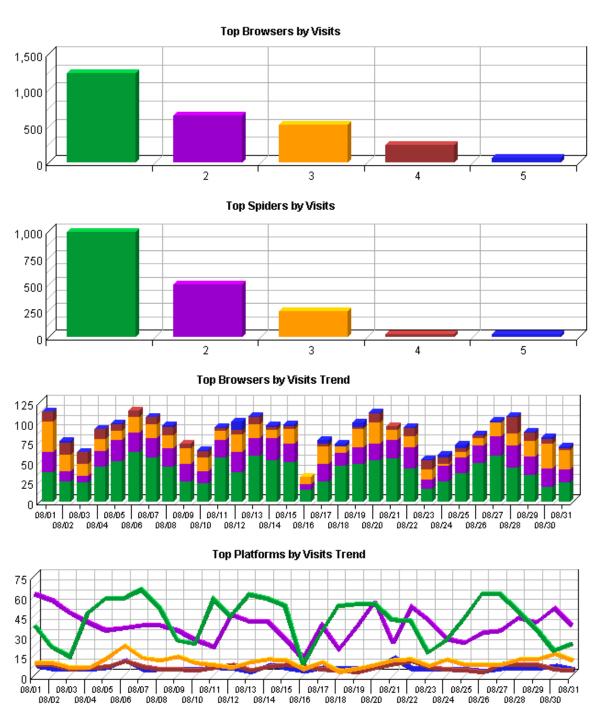
% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.



This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

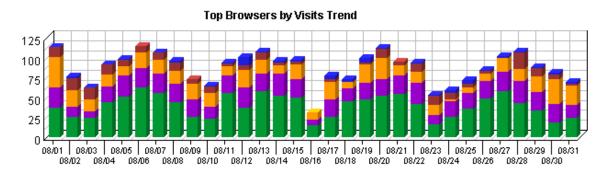
Browsers and Platforms Dashboard

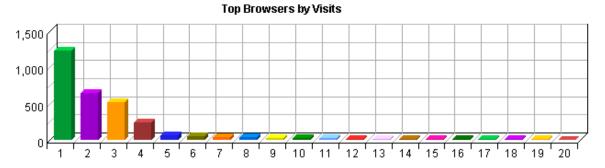
This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Browsers and Platforms chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.



Top Browsers

This report identifies the most popular browsers used by visitors to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.





Top Browsers

	Browser	Visits %	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	1,227 39.58%	3,301
2.	Mozilla	647 20.87%	1,517
3.	msnbot/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	522 16.84%	757
4.	Other Netscape Compatible	236 7.61%	438
5.	ColdFusion	61 1.97%	73
6.	Clearware web browser	57 1.84%	57
7.	Others	40 1.29%	49
8.	msnbot-media/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	35 1.13%	71
9.	NutchCVS/0.7.2 (Nutch; http://lucene.apache.org/nutch/bot.html; nutch-agent@lucene.apache.org)	29 0.94%	38
10.	NLESE USEPA	23 0.74%	191
11.	Konqueror	21 0.68%	31
12.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	19 0.61%	144
13.	psbot/0.1 (http://www.picsearch.com/bot.html)	17 0.55%	18
14.	Yandex/1.01.001 (compatible; Win16; I)	16 0.52%	172
15.	Opera	13 0.42%	17
16.	NLESE for intraUSEPA	12 0.39%	42

Top Browsers 167

17.	WebVac (webmaster@pita.stanford.edu WebVac.org)	11	0.35%	153
18.	Safari	10	0.32%	14
19.	ShopWiki/1.0 (http://www.shopwiki.com/wiki/Help:Bot)	10	0.32%	11
20.	Dumbot(version 0.2 beta – http://www.searchles.com/ Searchles Inc.)	6	0.19%	7
	Subtotal	3,012	97.16%	7,101
	Other	88	2.84%	212
	Total	3,100	100.00%	7,313

Top Browsers – Help Card

Prowser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Hits – Number of hits from visitors using the specified browser. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total activity based on the sort column (hits or visits) where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits or hits overall.

Visits – The total visits where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits overall. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total for the sort column (hits or visits) by those using the specified browser.

Prowser data can help you determine how to configure your site for optimal viewing.

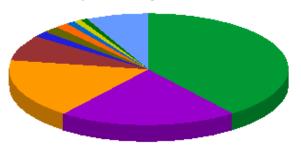
Note: Any hits identified as originating from a spider (an automated program that searches the Internet) are not counted in this table. Also, if a browser does not identify itself in its request to the Web server, it will get counted on this page as an "Other."

168 Top Browsers

Top Browsers by Version

This report lists the browser versions most common among your visitors.





Top Browsers by Version

		Browser	Version	Visits	%	Hits
1.	1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	6.0	610	19.68%	1,728
			7.0	578	18.65%	1,493
			5.0	11	0.35%	29
			Version Unknown	8	0.26%	9
			3.02	7	0.23%	7
			5.5	7	0.23%	16
			5.01	3	0.10%	3
			5.00	2	0.06%	15
			8.0	1	0.03%	1
			Other	0	0.00%	0
	2.	2. Mozilla	20080721	219	7.06%	315
			20080702	163	5.26%	434
			2008070208	92	2.97%	357
			Version Unknown	47	1.52%	75
			20070308	21	0.68%	21
			2008070206	9	0.29%	11
			2008052906	8	0.26%	9
			20080201	7	0.23%	72
			20070515	6	0.19%	6
			20070508	6	0.19%	9
			20070914	5	0.16%	17
			20080404	4	0.13%	27
			20071025	3	0.10%	74
			20080623	3	0.10%	5
			20080311	3	0.10%	14

20070		0.10%	4
20071		0.10%	3
20070		0.10%	6
20061		0.06%	2
20071	1008 2	0.06%	3
20070	0219 2	0.06%	2
20080	0109 2	0.06%	3
20041	1107 2	0.06%	2
20070	0815 2	0.06%	8
20071	1030 2	0.06%	2
20061	1222 2	0.06%	2
20051	1111 2	0.06%	2
20080)715 1	0.03%	1
20061	1204 1	0.03%	1
20050	0721 1	0.03%	1
20050)511 1	0.03%	1
20071	1115 1	0.03%	2
20080	041514 1	0.03%	1
20050	0915 1	0.03%	1
20080	051206 1	0.03%	3
20060	0501 1	0.03%	1
20080	0418 1	0.03%	1
20030	0504 1	0.03%	1
20080		0.03%	5
)71615 1	0.03%	1
20060		0.03%	1
20060		0.03%	1
20050		0.03%	1
20050		0.03%	1
20050		0.03%	1
20061		0.03%	1
20061		0.03%	1
20001	1	0.03%	1
20080	070400 1	0.03%	1
	050509	0.03%	2
	022910 1	0.03%	1
Other		0.03%	0
3. msnbot/1.1 (Versic http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm) Unknown	on 522	16.84%	757
		0.00%	0
f Ithor	ı V	0.00 /0	U
4. Other Netscape Compatible Versic Unknown	on 236	7.61%	438

		Other	0	0.00%	0
5.	ColdFusion	Version Unknown	61	1.97%	73
		Other	0	0.00%	0
6.	Clearware web browser	Version Unknown	57	1.84%	57
		Other	0	0.00%	0
7.	Others	Version Unknown	40	1.29%	49
		Other	0	0.00%	0
8.	msnbot-media/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	Version Unknown	35	1.13%	71
		Other	0	0.00%	0
9.	NutchCVS/0.7.2 (Nutch; http://lucene.apache.org/nutch/bot.html;	Version Unknown	29	0.94%	38
	nutch-agent@lucene.apache.org)	Other	0	0.00%	0
10.	NLESE USEPA	Version Unknown	23	0.74%	191
		Other	0	0.00%	0
11.	Konqueror	3.2	21	0.68%	31
		Other	0	0.00%	0
12.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	Version Unknown	19	0.61%	144
		Other	0	0.00%	0
13.	psbot/0.1 (http://www.picsearch.com/bot.html)	Version Unknown	17	0.55%	18
		Other	0	0.00%	0
14.	Yandex/1.01.001 (compatible; Win16; I)	Version Unknown	16	0.52%	172
		Other	0	0.00%	0
15.	Opera	9.27	3	0.10%	4
		9.23	2	0.06%	5
		9.50	2	0.06%	2
		9.0	2	0.06%	2
		9.51	2	0.06%	2
		9.52	1	0.03%	1
		9.20	1	0.03%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
16.	NLESE for intraUSEPA	Version Unknown	12	0.39%	42
		Other	0	0.00%	0
17.	WebVac (webmaster@pita.stanford.edu WebVac.org)	Version Unknown	11	0.35%	153
		Other	0	0.00%	0

18.	Safari	YY/ADOBE	3	0.10%	3
		419.3	2	0.06%	2
		YY	2	0.06%	4
		125.1	1	0.03%	1
			1	0.03%	1
		312.6	1	0.03%	3
		Other	0	0.00%	0
19.	ShopWiki/1.0 (Version	10	0.32%	11
	http://www.shopwiki.com/wiki/Help:Bot)	Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
20.	Dumbot(version 0.2 beta –	Version	6	0.19%	7
	http://www.searchles.com/ Searchles Inc.)	Unknown			
		Other	0	0.00%	0
	Subtotal		3,012	97.16%	7,101
	Other		88	2.84%	212
	Total		3,100	100.00%	7,313

Top Browsers by Version - Help Card

Prowser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

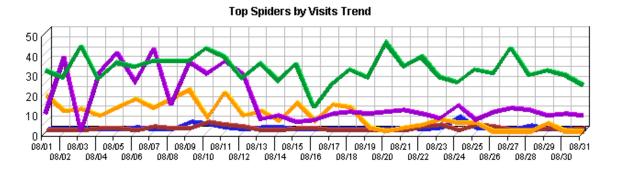
% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

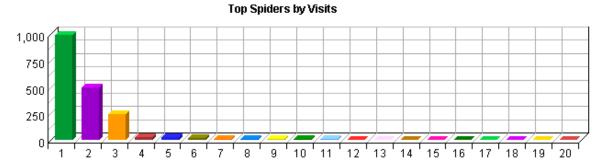
Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

This information can help you decide which technology to implement on your site. You can determine whether the majority of your visitors are ready to benefit from the latest technologies (DHTML, Flash, etc.) available with the most recent versions of the main browsers.

Top Spiders

This report identifies robots, spiders, crawlers and search services visiting your site. The spiders shown in this report are based on a configured list in the product code. If your site uses JavaScript tagging to monitor traffic (for example, WebTrends SmartSource Data Collector), only spiders that use JavaScript will appear in this report.





Top Spiders

	Spider	Visits %	6 Hits
1.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	987 53.38%	2,370
2.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; http://www.google.com/bot.html)	492 26.61%	6 929
3.	Gigabot	242 13.09%	1,340
4.	WebAlta Crawler	29 1.57%	229
5.	Yeti	22 1.19%	2 3
6.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp China; http://misc.yahoo.com.cn/help.html)	14 0.76%	6 14
7.	WebTrends	9 0.49%	6 147
8.	Googlebot	8 0.43%	6 12
9.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp/3.0; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	7 0.38%	6 7
10.	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; maxamine.com–robot)	7 0.38%	6 23
11.	Mozilla/5.0 (Twiceler–0.9 http://www.cuil.com/twiceler/robot.html)	5 0.27%	8
12.	Mozilla/5.0 (Twiceler	4 0.22%	5 7

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	http://www.cuil.com/twiceler/robot.html)			
13.	Mozilla/4.0 (BejiBot Crawler 1.2a)	3	0.16%	3
14.	DotBot	3	0.16%	70
15.	SD Crawler	2	0.11%	14
16.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; YodaoBot/1.0; http://www.yodao.com/help/webmaster/spider/;)	2	0.11%	2
17.	Speedy Spider (http:	2	0.11%	2
18.	uw_cse_xwci uw.crawler@gmail.com http:	2	0.11%	7
19.	DoCoMo	2	0.11%	2
20.	Slurpem.com – Sucken Up The Web	1	0.05%	2
	Subtotal	1,843	99.68%	5,211
	Other	6	0.32%	194
	Total	1,849	100.00%	5,405

Top Spiders – Help Card

? Hits – Number of times the specified spider hit your site. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Spider – An automated program which searches the Internet.

Visits – Number of times the specified spider visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total spider visits or hits by the specified spider.

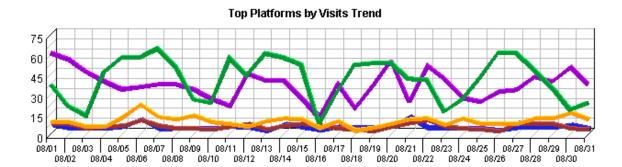


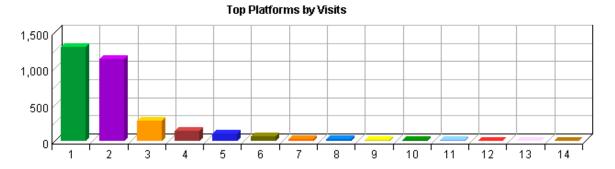
This information is important for a Webmaster trying to block spiders that tax the server. It also tells you what kind of automated attention you have attracted to your site.

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Top Platforms

This report identifies the operating systems most used by the visitors to the site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.





Top Platforms

	Platform	Visits	%	Views
1.	Windows XP	1,295	41.77%	3,711
2.	Others	1,135	36.61%	2,229
3.	Linux	276	8.90%	430
4.	Windows 2000	134	4.32%	316
5.	Windows NT	100	3.23%	221
6.	Macintosh	59	1.90%	86
7.	Macintosh PowerPC	30	0.97%	42
8.	FreeBSD	21	0.68%	31
9.	Windows 98	17	0.55%	33
10.	Windows 3.x	16	0.52%	172
11.	Windows 2003	9	0.29%	21
12.	Windows Win32s	6	0.19%	17
13.	SunOS	1	0.03%	1
14.	Windows ME	1	0.03%	3
	Total	3,100	100.00%	7,313

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Top Platforms - Help Card

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Hits – Number of hits by visitors using the specified platform. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Platform – The specified platform being analyzed. The operating system used by the visitor to your site.

Total – The total hits or visits that were not identified as from a spider. This number may be less than the total overall.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors using the specified platform. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of hits or visits by those using the specified platform.



This information is useful when determining what content to include on your web site.

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Glossary

The following terms are used in Reporting Center reports, and some are used throughout the World Wide Web in general.

Glossary

Active Campaign	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Active Campaigns	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Ad	A graphic or banner which takes a visitor to another web site when clicked.
Ad Click	A click on an advertisement which takes a visitor to another web site.
Ad View	Occurs when an ad is displayed to a visitor. Once visitors have viewed an ad, they can click on it (see Ad Click). There may be more than one ad on an ad view.
Authenticated Username	A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.
Authentication	Technique that limits access to Internet or intranet resources to visitors who identify themselves by entering a user name and password.
Avg. Frequency	This measure is the average number of times these visitors have visited your site over their lifetime.
Avg. Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Avg. Lifetime Value	The average lifetime value is the average of the sum of all order values.
Avg. Most Recent Purchase Amt.	The average most recent purchase amount for this group of visitors.
Avg. Recency	The number of days since the last visit is averaged for each visit in the reporting timeframe. Note: A zero recency means you have visited within the last 24 hours, or that the average value is less than one day.
Bandwidth	Measure of the traffic on a site. Bandwidth is expressed as the amount of data transferred in a specified unit of time.
Browser	A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Mosaic, Microsoft Internet Explorer, and others.
Campaign Lifetime Value	The total order value associated to the campaign.
Click Through Rate	Percentage of visitors who viewed an ad and also clicked on it. This is a good indication of an ad's effectiveness.
Client	A computer that accesses resources provided by another computer, called a server.
Client Errors	An error occurring due to an invalid request by the visitor's browser. Client errors are in the 400–range. See the "Status Code" glossary entry for more information.

Company Database	The database installed and used by Reporting Center to look up the company name, city, state, and country corresponding to a specific domain name.
Cookies	Files containing information about web site visitors. This information can include the visitor's user name, preferences, etc. The information is provided by visitors during their first visit to a web site. The server records this information in a text file and stores it on the visitor's hard drive. At the beginning of later visits, the server looks for a cookie and configures itself based on the information provided.
Days Since First Purchase	The number of days since the first purchase since these visitors have been tracked.
Days Since Most Recent Purchase	The number of days since the last purchase for the campaign.
Destination Page	A page chosen by the system administrator for Path Analysis. The Path Analysis pages track which clicks brought each visitor to the selected Destination Page.
Domain Name	The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, www.webtrends.com is a domain name.
Domain Name Lookup	The process of converting an IP address into a text name (for example, 204.245.240.194 is converted to www.webtrends.com).
Entry File	The first file requested by a visitor during a visit to your web site.
Entry Page	The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.
Exit Page	The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.
FTP	File Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of sending files from one computer to another over the Internet.
File Type	Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."
Filters	A means of narrowing the scope of a report by specifying ranges or types of data to include or exclude.
First Campaign	The First Campaign is the one that originally drove a visitor to your site.
First Campaign Lifetime Value	The lifetime value is the sum of all order values.
First Campaign Type	User-defined category shown for the first campaign for a visitor. Examples include online banner ads, e-marketing newsletters, and direct mail campaigns.
Frequency	Frequency is the number of times this visitor has visited your site since this visitor has been tracked.
GIF	Graphics Interchange Format. It is a graphics file format commonly used in HTML documents.
Geography	Geography indicates the world region, country, state/province, and city.
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language. It is the programming language for static web pages. It usually includes hypertext links between related objects and documents.
НТТР	Hypertext Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of transferring data between a Web server and a Web browser.
Hit	Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.
Home Page	The main or introductory page of a web site. The home page provides visitors with an

overview and links to the rest of the site. It often contains or links to a Table of Contents.

	Contents.
Home Page URL	The URL for the home page of the site analyzed in the report.
IP Address	Internet Protocol Address. It is a series of four one—to three—digit numbers separated by periods. It is used to identify a computer connected to the Internet. For example, 212.6.125.76 is an IP address.
JPEG	Joint Photographic Expert Group. It is a compressed graphics format common on the Internet.
Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Lifetime Value	This is the maximum value for all orders for this period.
Log File	A file created by a Web or proxy server which contains information about the activity of the server.
Most Recent Campaign	The Most Recent Camapaign is the last one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
New Users	Visitors who didn't have a cookie on their first visit, but had one during later visits.
No Referrer	Indicates visits to your web site that did not originate from any other site. For example, any visitor who types the URL of your site directly into their browser window fits into this category.
Order Count	This measure reflects the number of orders from completed purchases.
Order Value	This measure reflects the monetary amount generated from completed purchases.
Other	In tables showing a variable-length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items not currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Other."
Page	Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator.
Page View	A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast the value for "page views" with the value for "hits," which includes hits to files of every type.
Palm Browser	A program used on a Palm device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
Palm Device	A portable personal computer small enough to fit in the palm of a person's hand. Reporting Center reports only include Palm devices if the log files shows the device used a Palm browser.
Path Through Site	The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page and all pages in between.
Paths from Start	The sequence of pages a visitor views, excluding the entry page.
Paths to Destination	The sequence of pages a visitor views before arriving at a selected Destination Page.
Platform	Refers to the operating system, such as Linux or Windows 98.
Protocol	An established method of exchanging data over the Internet.
Purchase Conversion Funnel	Analysis of the conversion process through a four-step purchase process.
Purchase Count	The total number of purchase transactions (not units ordered) for this visitor since the visitor has been tracked.
Recency	This measure is the number of days since the most recent visit for a visitor.

Referrer	URL of a web page that refers visitors to your site.
Report Period	The dates covered in the report. You may select a report period of any day, week, month, quarter, or year within the data provided by the log analysis.
Returning Visitors	Visitors who already had a cookie from your site before they visited.
Scenario Analysis Step	The name of the step in the defined scenario. The step marks progress on the path that is being monitored.
Script	A simple programming language used to execute specific or limited tasks. Scripts are often used for pages on the Internet to serve dynamic content and to tailor pages for individual visitors.
Search Keywords	A keyword is a single word from within a search phrase. In the phrase "cordless phone" the individual keywords are "cordless" and "phone".
Search Phrase	The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.
Server	A computer that hosts information available to anyone accessing the Internet or an internal intranet.
Server Error	An error occurring on the server. Web server errors have codes in the 500 range.
Single Access Page	A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.
Spider	An automated program which searches the internet.
Status Code	The HTTP status code of a file request specifies whether the transfer was successful or not, and why. These codes are defined in RFC 2616, section 6.1.1.

"Success" codes:

100 = Success: Continue

101 = Success: Switching Protocols

200 = Success: OK 201 = Success: Created 202 = Success: Accepted

203 = Success: Non–Authoritative Information

204 = Success: No Content
205 = Success: Reset Content
206 = Success: Partial Content
300 = Success: Multiple Choices
301 = Success: Moved Permanently

302 = Success: Found 303 = Success: See Other

304 = Success: Not Modified 305 = Success: Use Proxy

307 = Success: Temporary Redirect

"Failed" codes:

400 = Failed: Bad Request 401 = Failed: Unauthorized 402 = Failed: Payment Required

403 = Failed: Forbidden

404 = **Failed**: Not Found **405** = **Failed**: Method Not Allowed **406** = **Failed**: Not Acceptable **407** = **Failed**: Proxy Authentication Required **408** = **Failed**: Request Time-out **409** = **Failed**: Conflict 410 = Failed: Gone 411 = Failed: Length Required 412 = Failed: Precondition Failed 413 = Failed: Request Entity Too Large **414 = Failed**: Request–URI Too Large **415** = **Failed**: Unsupported Media Type **416** = **Failed**: Requested range not satisfiable **417** = **Failed**: Expectation Failed **500** = **Failed**: Internal Server Error **501** = **Failed**: Not Implemented **502** = **Failed**: Bad Gateway **503** = **Failed**: Service Unavailable **504** = **Failed**: Gateway Time–out **505** = **Failed**: HTTP Version Not Supported Subtotal In tables showing a variable length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Subtotal." See "Top-Level Domain." Suffix (Domain Name) Time Interval A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59. Time before The number of days between a new buyer's first visit and first purchase. Order Time between The number of days between a visitor's previous purchase and most recent purchase in **Purchases** this report period. Top-Level The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of **Domain** organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains: ARPANET: .arpa Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz **Education**: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn **International**: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code] Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

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Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Total	This table row gives the sum of all of the items for the current table during this report period. If the number of items for the table exceeds the number that can be viewed at one time, then a "Subtotal" row and an "Other" row will also be provided, and their sum will equal the Total row.
Traffic	The quantity of data transferred.
URL	Uniform Resource Locator. It is a means of identifying an exact location on the Internet. For example, http://www.webtrends.com/html/info/default.htm is the URL which defines the location of the page Default.htm in the /html/info/ directory on the NetIQ Corporation web site. As the previous example shows, a URL is comprised of four parts: Protocol Type (HTTP), Machine Name (webtrends.com), Directory Path (/html/info/), and File Name (default.htm).
Unique Visitors	Individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit.
User Agent	Portion of a log file that identifies the browser and platform used by a visitor.
Users Without Cookies	Visitors who come to your site with cookies disabled. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.
Visit	A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle—time limit. The default idle—time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.
Visit Duration (Minutes)	The number of minutes your web site was viewed by a visitor.
Visitor Minutes	Total number of minutes your site was viewed by all visitors during the report period.
Visits with Clicks	Visits to your site where at least one ad was clicked on.
WAP Browser	A program used on a WAP device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
WAP Carrier	A server that acts as an intermediary and relays requests from visitors with WAP devices to your site.
WAP Device	A wireless device using Wireless Application Protocol (WAP), such as a cellular telephone or radio transceiver, that can be used to access the Internet. Reporting Center reports only include WAP devices if the log file shows the device used a WAP browser.
WTLS	Acronym for Wireless Transport Layer Security protocol, which is the security layer endorsed by the WAP Forum (www.wapforum.org). Its primary goal is to provide privacy, data integrity, and authentication for WAP applications.